



# CARSON QUILTS CABINET

Said to Disagree With Other Ministers on Conduct of War—Redmond Says Crisis is at Hand

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Sir Edward Carson, attorney general, has resigned from the British cabinet.

The resignation, the first open manifestation of the divergence of views known to exist among the ministers, is the result, according to an authoritative statement, not of the controversy over conscription, the Balkan situation and the Dardanelles expedition.

The attorney general did not attend the cabinet meetings recently.

**PLOT, SAYS REDMOND**

**Irish Leader Says Coalition Government Is Threatened by Men Ready to Sacrifice National Unity**

DUBLIN, Oct. 19.—Presiding at the nationalist convention yesterday John E. Redmond said that a grave political crisis might arise any day. The position of the coalition government, he declared, is precarious. It is threatened by internal and external dangers. A conspiracy existed among men ready to sacrifice national unity in the face of the enemy to further their own predictions and theories.

It is common talk, said the Irish leader, that a general election is possible, but Ireland could boast that she is not responsible for these dangers.

**CAUSE OF DIFFERENCES**

**Conscription Issue and the Near East Question Causes Break in British Cabinet**

LONDON, Oct. 19, 11:35 a.m.—Great Britain is waiting anxiously to learn whether the cabinet ministers will be able to compose their differences and continue the government without snapping horses in mid-stream. The military difficulties which confront the allies have taken a position of secondary importance for the time being.

The cabinet had been holding long and frequent meetings since the Balkan crisis developed. Both newspapers and politicians agree that vital differences of opinion have arisen over the conscription issue and the near east question. In the meantime party newspapers are carrying on a bitter debate and exchanging accusations of lack of patriotism and of placing party and private interests above those of the country.

The resignation of Sir Edward Carson, attorney general, was the first proof of differences in the cabinet. The reason assigned for his withdrawal is disagreement with the cabinet's policy in regard to the near east, but the specific point of division is withheld, as in the case of the retirement of Foreign Minister Del Casse of France, in whose footsteps Sir Edward appears to follow.

The cabinet will regard a general election as wholly redundant, as a calamity. If such a contest were fought on the question of conscription it might be expected to foment great bitterness and class dissension.

The anti-conscriptionist papers are demanding that a fair trial be given to the plan of voluntary enlistment under the direction of the Earl of Derby before there is any further talk of a change.

Much discussion is heard of the injection of fresh and younger blood into the cabinet. Only a few weeks ago David Lloyd George had a large following, but the anti-conscriptionists, virtually all of whom are in his own party, now seem to be lukewarm toward him.

One complaint from the newspapers is that a cabinet of 22 members is too cumbersome a body to manage the affairs of the government. On the other hand, there is said to be dissatisfaction in the cabinet that the conduct of the war is given over to a small committee.

The recall of Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton from the Dardanelles and the succession to command of a younger leader, Gen. Sir Charles Munro, may be significant of a policy of bringing in new blood. Most of the generals holding high commands are more than 60 years old and there has been complaint that the army is clinging to the old peace policy of promotion by seniority alone.

The campaign in Lowell quarter of a century ago was far different from the state campaign of today. Big state rallies were held in Huntington hall while the different ward democratic clubs held rallies and there was far more enthusiasm on both sides than is manifest today. This is due in

## ANURIC!

### The Newest Discovery in Chemistry

This is a recent discovery of Doctor Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Dr. Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that there is no other eliminated or uric acid that can be compared to it. For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—as backache, scalding urine and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anuric" acts. The best of results are always obtained in cases of acute rheumatism in the joints, in gout and gout, and invariably the pains and stiffness which so frequently and persistently accompany the disease rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and

simply ask for a 50-cent package of "Anuric" manufactured by Dr. Pierce, or even write Dr. Pierce for a free sample. If you suspect kidney or bladder trouble, send him a sample of your water and describe symptoms. Dr. Pierce's chemist will examine it, then Dr. Pierce will report to you without fee or charge.

NOTE—"Anuric" is thirty-seven times more active than Bithia in eliminating uric acid, and is a harmless but reliable chemical compound that may be safely given to children, but should be used only by grown-ups who actually wish to restore their kidneys to perfect health, by conscientiously using one box—or more in extreme cases—as "Anuric" (similar to Doctor Pierce's achievement) is by far the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector obtainable.—Advertisement.

**The Bon Marché**  
DRUGGISTS CO.

## Special Showing of Two Advance Styles In Our Up-to-Date Wash Goods Dept.

(STREET FLOOR)

### Silk Marquisette



White and tinted grounds with printed figures in pink, lavender and light blue.

**49**  
Cents

### Crystal Silk

Light and dark grounds in awning stripes and fancy plaids.

Per Yard

### RUSSIAN WAR CONTRACT

#### DISTRIBUTIONS OF \$87,000,000 ORDER FOR MUNITIONS ANNOUNCED IN NEW YORK

NY, Oct. 19.—The distribution of a \$87,000,000 Russian war contract for munitions and supplies recently awarded in this country was announced today. The Bradley Construction company was awarded the munition contract which totals about \$50,000,000 and includes one billion rifle cartridges. Its contract provides also for a new machine gun which is carried on a soldier's back. It is an American invention. A contract for 5,000,000 yards of cloth for overcoats was awarded to the American Woolen Co.

man life and limb is the keynote of the fourth annual safety congress of the National Safety Council which opened here today.

**MOONSHINE WHISKEY CASES**

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 19.—After a continuance from yesterday, trials of more than a dozen defendants in the moonshine whiskey conspiracy cases were to begin today in the United States district court. Defendants were indicted on evidence presented by federal agents who declared the government had been defrauded of millions of dollars through the evasion of payment of the manufacturing tax on whiskey.

**PRINCE'S SPECIAL MONOGRAM DIE OFFER**

Including Die, Stationery and Stamping in any color.

**59c Complete**

Come in and see samples.

106-108 MERRIMACK ST.

**J. L. CHALIFOUX CO.**  
COR. MERRIMACK & CENTRAL ST.

ESTABLISHED 1875

EVERYBODY INVITED TO THE  
**GRAND CONCERT**  
To Be Held on Our Second Floor  
Wednesday, Oct. 20, 2.30 to 4.30 P. M.

**EDISON DIAMOND DISC**

Some of Edison's favorite selections will be played on these Diamond Disc Talking Machines. This, Mr. Edison thinks, is his greatest invention and believes it will be his monument. A demonstration is being made at the Panama Exposition to show how the Edison Voice machines and records can produce. No needles to change. EVERYBODY WELCOMES

COME AND HEAR ONE OF THE GREATEST INVENTIONS OF THE AGE. STORE CLOSES THURSDAY AT 12 NOON DURING OCT., CLERKS' HALF HOLIDAY.

EDISON DIAMOND DISC

Established 1875

106-108 MERRIMACK ST.

LOWELL GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

# 1200 GREET GOV. WALSH

Cites B.& M. Case—Fought 'Riders'  
by Veto—Calls Presence in Bills  
Due to 'Invisible Government'

BROCKTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. David Walsh was tendered a flattering ovation when he appeared in Clarke hall last night by the 1200 voters assembled.

The governor spoke for an hour and at the conclusion he was approached by John Clapp of 920 North Main street, a great-great-grandnephew of General Warren of Bunker Hill fame, and assured that when he cast his 69th gubernatorial vote it would be for David J. Walsh.

Chairman Edward P. Neasey of the democratic city committee presided. In the audience were a number of prominent republicans.

The governor began his night's campaigning at town hall, Milton, where James S. Gallagher, chairman of the democratic town committee, presided. Gov. Walsh was met by Congressman Richard Olney 2d, who followed him throughout the district.

The second meeting was in Alpha hall, Quincy, where Edward J. Parker presided at the meeting, which was attended by 500. Prof. Edwin A. Grosvenor, democratic candidate for secretary of state, was speaking when the governor arrived.

The final meeting of the night was held in Stetson hall, Randolph, an audience of 400, including many women, awaiting the arrival of the governor. Chairman Frank M. Condon of the town committee was chairman.

Hon. Edward P. Barry, candidate for lieutenant governor; Prof. Grosvenor; Jacob C. Morse, candidate for state auditor, and Joseph J. Donahue, candidate for attorney-general, followed in the wake of Governor Walsh at the various meetings.

**Gov. Walsh's Speech**  
Gov. Walsh said, in part:

## BIG SALE

### Mystery Bundles

#### Dickson's Tea Store THIS WEEK

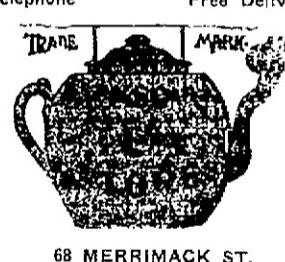
Mystery Bundles, worth while, containing hundreds of useful household articles, such as glassware, agateware, tinware, chinaware.

Buy a pound of our New Crop Tea, any flavor, any price, and get a free bundle.

Buy a pound of our fresh roasted Coffee and get a free bundle.

You have the opportunity of picking out your own bundle, so come and have your choice, with that next pound of Tea or Coffee.

Telephone Free Delivery



68 MERRIMACK ST.

## Stylish SUITsandCOATS

Being received by the hundreds to celebrate our Anniversary Sale. To our customers who have so generously encouraged us, commencing Thursday, we will offer you the most up-to-date merchandise at reductions of 25% to 33 1/3%.

THREE DAYS ONLY COMMENCING  
THURSDAY

## Reels of Suits, \$12.75, \$15.75, \$18.75, \$22.50

THE EXCELLENCE OF STOCKS IS CROWDING OUR STORES

## Reels of Coats, \$6.98, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50, \$15

THERE WILL BE BARGAINS ALL OVER THE STORE. PLAN TO COME. SMILING  
SALES LADIES WILL BE PLEASED TO ATTEND YOU.

THIS WILL BE A  
BANNER SALE

CHERRY & WEED  
NEW YORK  
CLOAK STORE

12-18 JOHN STREET

## BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr.  
Edwards' Olive Tablets are  
a Harmless Substitute

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—are a milder but more laxative, and their effect on the liver is almost instantaneous. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. His efforts to banish it brought out these little olive-colored tablets.

These pleasant little tablets do the good that calomel does, but have no bad side effects. They don't injure the teeth like strong liquids or calomel. They also help the trouble and quickly correct it. Why cure the liver at the expense of the teeth? Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the gums. So do strong liquids.

It is best not to take calomel, but to let Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets take its place.

Many headaches, "diseases" and many fevers demand from consideration and a diseased liver. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "lousy" and "heavy." Note how they "clear" clouded breath and how they "perk up" the spirits. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.,

were offered.

"Is not this one more of the many proofs of the power of the 'invisible government' to substitute their wishes for the people's will and render unavailable the attempts of the publicly organized representatives of the people to protect their interest?"

"Is not this example herein set forth, with other illustrations of the power of 'invisible government' cited by me in this campaign sufficient to prove beyond question that 'invisible government' is a crime against our free institutions and deserves the condemnation of every man who throws a ballot, because it nullifies his influence and deceives the voters by substituting the shadow for the substance of free government?"

### INVITED TO SPEAK

Five Episcopal Rectors Ask Congregational Clergymen to Occupy Pulpits

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 19.—In connection with the session of the national council of the Congregational churches which will open tomorrow the rectors of five Protestant Episcopal churches in this city have invited Congregational clergymen to preach from their pulpits next Sunday. The invitations have been formally sanctioned by the Rt. Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster, bishop of the diocese. Available church records do not show that such invitations ever before were extended in this city.

**Riders With Veto**

"In my inaugural messages, both in 1914 and 1915, I called for a reorganization of this railroad in the public interest, and during the past year, with the cooperation of the public service commission and the trustees appointed by the federal courts, a plan which I approved was submitted for consideration by the legislature.

"During the pendency of this proposed legislation certain interests sought to inject and succeed in injecting into these reorganization railroad bills so-called 'riders' which would override some of the wise provisions of our statutes dealing with rate making and forbidding stock watering and which would also severely limit public regulations.

"These so-called 'riders' were inserted in these bills without the knowledge or sanction of the governor, the public service commission, or, in some instances, even of the committee on railroads of the legislature, which heard all parties in interest. At no public hearing were they ever submitted for discussion or criticism; but during the closing hours of the debate in the legislature, for the first time they were brought to light and incorporated in these bills.

"Where did those so-called 'riders' come from? No body of public-spirited citizens or officials of the commonwealth outside of the legislature suggested them. Their presence in these bills can only be explained by that influence which is now recognized as the 'invisible government.'

"In a measure which stated my position unmistakably, I vetoed the two railroad bills containing these objectionable clauses and pointed out the injurious results that were certain to follow the adoption of such legislation and I insisted upon the legislature approving the plan of reorganization prepared by the public authorities without these objectionable features.

**'Invisible Government' at Work**

"This act of my 'vetoing' these bills called for public condemnation from the Boston chamber of commerce and was almost universally approved by the press of the state.

"As is now generally known, the legislature, after some hesitation, however to the public demand in the closing hours of the session, adopted the provision recommended by the governor and the public service commission free from 'indefensible' 'riders.'

"What is the explanation for the incorporation of these clauses so analogous to the public interest in this important legislation?

"What explanation can anyone offer to the people of Massachusetts for such action upon the part of the legislature in view of the fact that every public official interested in these bills appearing before the legislative committee, and indeed, even the attorneys for the railroad companies, apparently approved of the bills as satisfactory before the objectionable amendments

Mother should give a whole carrot to cross, bilious, sick, feverish children any time. They are harmless and never gripe or sicken.

Get a 10-cent box now.

They're fine! Cascarets live in your liver, clean your thirty feet of bowels and sweeten your stomach. You eat one or two, like candy, before going to bed and in the morning your head is clear, tongue is clean, stomach sweet, breath right and cold gone. Get a box from your druggist and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Cascarets stop sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, bad breath and constipation.

Mothers should give a whole carrot to cross, bilious, sick, feverish children any time. They are harmless and never gripe or sicken.

# Cook, Taylor & Co.

231—233 CENTRAL STREET

The Laboring Man's Store for Big Values

# Big Overcoat Sale

FRIDAY MORNING, 9 O'CLOCK

## As Easy as Cutting a Finger Nail

"Why, mamma," said a little girl to her mother, "he didn't hurt me at all. It didn't hurt any more than cutting my finger nail." And this after EXTRACTING A TOOTH that had ached for months. By proper treatment the offending old tooth came out as easy as "CUTTING A FINGER NAIL". Come to our dental parlors and let us show you what MODERN dentistry means.

## DR. A. J. GAGNON

466 Merrimack Street, Opp. Tilden Street. 109 Merrimack Street, Next to Five Cent Savings Bank.

## INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Building Laborers' union will meet tonight in the union rooms, 32 Middle street.

A meeting of the Trades & Labor council Thursday evening.

A meeting of a committee appointed by local 135 Machinists' union for the purpose of arranging for the bonding of officers was held last night.

A meeting of Loomfixers' union was held last night, at which a grist of routine business was transacted. Organizer Morris of the Hatters' union addressed the members.

Lient. Paul Kittredge officiated as anchor man for the U. S. Cartridge Co.'s special police team in the match game with the office force last night. He hung up a three-string total of 230.

Organizers from the American Federation of Labor have made repeated efforts to obtain an organization of textile workers in Nashua but so far they have been unable to gain a foothold, and the strikers insist on maintaining their own secret society.

The following are the newly elected officers of the U. S. Cartridge Workers' union: Peter MacGowan, president; Mrs. May Johnson, vice president; Mrs. Ellen Chaplin, financial secretary; Mrs. Julia Chadelaine, treasurer; Edward Hollingswood, recording secretary; Fred Siegal, guide; J. H. Howard, sergeant-at-arms; trustees; J. P. Donnell, Wm. S. Scott and J. F. O'Donnell. Organized Frank McCarthy of the American Federation of Labor has now severed his connection with the union and its affairs will be administered by the above officers.

The Polish Weavers' union held its regular meeting Sunday afternoon and transacted considerable important business.

William Lane of the Mullaneys' Plumbing company, will play basketball this season with the C.Y.M.L. seconds.

A very important meeting of the building trades council will be held in the union quarters in Middle street next Sunday.

Business of much importance will come before the meeting to be held

## OILS BY PARCEL POST

ADMISSIBLE LIQUIDS MAY ALSO BE SHIPPED UNDER NEW AGREEMENT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Admissible liquids and oils and other similar articles may now be sent by international parcel post from the United States to Dutch Guinea, Hong Kong, Leeward Islands, Mexico, New Zealand, Panama and Sweden, under agreements approved by Postmaster General Burleson with those countries. These include such articles as ink, perfumes, soap, medicinal preparations, mixed paints, oils, many prepared foods and sauces and toilet preparations.

Conventions heretofore have been negotiated admitting liquids to the marts from the United States to Australia, Brazil, Bahamas, Barbados, British Honduras, Costa Rica, Curacao, Danish West Indies, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Haiti, Jamaica, Newfoundland, Norway, Salvador and Trinidad.

Barbers have close shave

Spongale, Grimes and Perry Throw Into Blymann Canal at Gloucester When Boat Upsets

GLoucester, Oct. 19.—Three barbers—Stephen S. Spongale, Frederick J. Grimes and William Perry—had a close shave from drowning in the Blymann canal yesterday afternoon when their small punt was carried by the tide against the gill netter Sunflower, causing the punt to be overturned and throwing the men into the water.

Grimes grabbed a rope thrown to him by the Sunflower's crew and was hauled aboard. Perry swam to a stationary ladder, by which he reached the bank. Spongale clung to the boat and was taken by the tide some 300 yards up the river before he was rescued by a passing launch.

**NOMINATION FOR NOTHING**

Gov. Walsh and Other Candidates File Expense Accounts—It Cost Cushing \$2239 to be Defeated

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—The re-nomination of Governor Walsh, the democratic standard bearer, cost him nothing, according to a statement nothing, according to a statement made at the state house yesterday.

Lient. Gov. Cushing, who was defeated by Samuel W. McCall for the republican nomination for governor,



It is absolutely pure. You get it at Coburn's in steel containers which do not permit the oil to soak through, leaving the lead to become hard and dry, as was the case with the old-fashioned wooden kegs. This lead is always found to be in proper condition for use. Let us supply you with every painting need. "Quality first" is the ruling principle here.

Fred City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 MARKET STREET

Filed a statement of expenditures amounting to \$2239. Calvin Coolidge, republican nominee for lieutenant governor, paid out \$1325.60.

**WHITE MT. FREIGHT WRECKED**

TILTON, N. H., Oct. 19.—A broken beam on one of the cars of the White mountain freight, running double-header with a long string of heavily loaded cars, threw one car diagonally across the track at Sewall's Falls station, eight miles south of this town, early last night. The car following was also thrown from the rails, and the traffic over the White mountain division of the Boston & Maine railroad was held up for several hours. The Canadian Pacific express, due at Concord at 6:30, was nearly three hours late.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

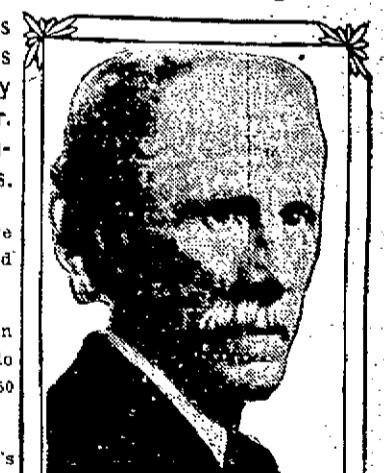
## Owes Health to Duffy's

Had not slept in bed for five years and weighed only 111 pounds when Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey proved to be the best remedy Mr. Schappert had ever tried, increasing his weight to 150 pounds.

"I have been using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for eight years and find it is the best thing I ever tried.

"For five years I had not slept in bed and my weight was reduced to 111 pounds. My weight is now 130 pounds."

"I am 55 years old and thank Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for the help it has been to me."—Joseph Schappert, 133 Walnut street, Latonia, Ky.



JOSEPH SCAPPERT

## Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Is a dependable liquid food tonic containing the life-giving elements of the choicest grains, thoroughly malted, and so refined and distilled as to render it absolutely pure.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is genuine. Doubt cannot exist where such a product has been of public benefit for more than 50 years. If taken in prescribed doses of a tablespoonful in water before meals, you can with every confidence,

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well."

Sold in Sealed Bottles only. Beware of imitations.

**NOTE** Get Duffy's from your local druggist, grocer, or dealer \$1.00 per bottle. If he cannot supply you, write us, we will tell you where to get it. Medical booklet free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

## OTTO COKE

I will not advertise Otto Coke very extensively this winter. I cannot afford to, as the value is all in the Coke and no big margin left for extensive advertising, still I cannot resist the temptation of saying something good about it now and then. Let me repeat that OTTO COKE makes a perfect fire for cooking or heating, and only costs ten cents per ton more than the other kind.

# NASHUA STRIKE TROUBLE

No Outbreak Reported Today—  
Strikers Ready to Stop All Shipments—Police Court Cases

There was no serious disturbance in the Nashua strike this morning although the strikers were in an ugly mood all morning and assembled in a crowd at the headquarters opposite the mill of the Nashua Mfg. Co.

The strikers, it seems, are determined to stop shipments from the factory and to prevent also, if they can, the sending of any food into the factory for the small number of men at work. The company is thus held in a state of siege, unable to make a move of any kind except under military protection. In spite of the opposition, however, wagons loaded with provisions passed into the mill today under military guard.

## Strikers on Duty

The strikers, nothing daunted by their experience of yesterday, when a number of them received a bad beating at the hands of the police and militiamen, were at the gates of the Nashua Mfg. Co. at an early hour this morning and they remained on duty during the entire day. No attempt to ship goods or receive material was made by the company during the day, and no provisions were brought inside the gates to feed the militiamen. It is said that an attempt to either ship manufactured goods or send in food to the militiamen will result in a disturbance even more serious than that of yesterday.

## Sidewalks Patrolled

Today the sidewalks surrounding the big plant of the Nashua Manufacturing Co. were patrolled by militiamen and police. A slight outbreak occurred early in the morning when three newspaper photographers attempted to take pictures of the militiamen, but no one was injured. According to reports the camera men acted within the full limits of the law and did not trespass upon any land owned by the company but posted their machines in the middle of Factory street in front of the plant. Hardly had their machines been set, when the captain of one of the companies ordered them away and threatened to destroy their machines unless the order was speedily complied with. The photographers refused to move and the captain did not carry out his threat. Several hundred strikers who overheard the conversation between the militia captain and the camera men hissed and jeered the captain and it is said stones were thrown.

## Conference Thursday

Former-Mayor William H. Barry, counsel for the strikers agreed last night to meet Agent W. H. Caldwell of the Jackson Manufacturing Co. in a conference on the question of wages at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. In a letter to Mayor James B. Crowley, made public last night, Mr. Barry asked that the mayor use his influence, "in the interests of humanity" to stop shipments of goods and receipt of material by the manufacturing plants concerned, until an adjustment of the trouble with their employees is reached.

The conference on Thursday will be attended by Counsel Barry and the following strikers' committee: Albin Vanecek, Mabel Carney, William Tornvlerich, John Keeler, Charles Nadeke and Peter Tantrularus.

## Strikers Arraigned

The six strikers who were arrested yesterday following the riot were arraigned before Judge Clancy in the Nashua police court this morning. Through their counsel they asked for a continuance until tomorrow which was granted and each was held in the sum of \$300. All were bailed out.

## Story of Yesterday's Trouble

The Nashua strike situation took on a very grave aspect yesterday when one man was shot in the abdomen and four women taken to St. Joseph's hospital suffering from wounds sustained in rioting which occurred early in the morning. A few hours before the big riot two milk men and a fruit dealer were held up at the mill gate when

**Don't Neglect Your Teeth!**  
If you are looking for reliable dentistry at a reasonable price it will pay you to call at the

## BOSTON PAINLESS DENTAL ROOMS

16-17-18-19 Ronces Building

Wellesley Sq., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up  
Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When Teeth are Ordered. Examination Free.

**UNION MARKET**  
75 1/2 MIDDLESEX  
FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

## LIVING PRICES

SMOKED SHOULDERS—Lb.....	11c
PURE LARD—Lb.....	10c
BEST CREAMERY BUTTER—Lb.....	28c
POTATOES—Peck .....	23c
BEEFSTEAK—Lb.....	15c
LAMB CHOPS—Lb.....	18c
SLICED BACON—Lb.....	15c

Hundreds of Other Bargains.

## CITY HALL NEWS

Continued

and Mr. Chase says he never told you so."

"I did not say that Mr. Chase told me so," replied Mr. Costello. "I told you I had heard he said so."

Mayor Murphy said that Architect Graves had told him there was no necessity of testing the pipes in question and in answer to that Mr. Costello produced a letter from Mr. Graves in which Mr. Costello was warned not to proceed with new work until the test in question was made.

Mr. Putnam gave as his opinion that the test should be made in the regular way. The mayor said he did not think that \$600 should be spent on the test. "The test could burst the pipes if they wanted to," said the mayor. "They could put on as much power as they wanted."

"We don't do business that way," put in Mr. Costello. "Of course we could use dynamite but we don't. We use as much pressure as is necessary. We don't try to see how many joints we can break."

I have said so before and I repeat that the work should be done by the day and if Mr. Putnam tells me to go ahead and do the work by the day I will do so."

"But you were going to charge \$600 for the work?" said the mayor. "Not if it is done by the day."

"But don't you think it can be done a good deal cheaper than \$600?"

"Yes."

"Then I think the council was justified in holding it up."

"The trouble is, Mr. Mayor," said Mr. Costello, "that you have been misinformed all the way through. You have mixed testing and examining. I hope that the work will be done for one-fifth of \$600."

Mr. Putnam asked Mr. Costello if he had looked over the contract and specifications and Mr. Costello said he had not seen the contract.

Agent Bates of the board of health was sent for and in reply to the mayor's questions stated that Inspectors Garrity and Connors had gone over the piles at the Memorial building and had found that they were all right. They reported, he said, that the water put in the pipes ran off clearly.

Inspector Garrity was asked about a pipe in the sub-basement that was leaking and Mr. Garrity said it had been fixed.

Mr. Costello said that there is a pipe leaking in the building. He said the pipe may have been leaking for years.

"But I want to call your attention, gentlemen, to the fact," he said, "that letting water flow through a pipe does not constitute a test. The pipe hasn't been tested."

Mr. Garrity believed the pipes should be properly tested. He could not pass on the cost of such a test.

More was said about the price and the mayor presumed that Mr. Costello was not in the business for his health, whereupon Mr. Costello retorted: "No, and you are not up here for your health. You didn't break your promise not to run again next year, for your health, did you?"

"I am not going to see the city mulled out of \$600," said the mayor. "It makes no difference who the man is. I am going to protect the city's money."

"Makes no difference who the man is," echoed Mr. Costello. "It makes all the difference in the world," he continued, "and I guess I am the wrong man."

Mr. Costello then turned to Inspector Garrity and asked: "If this controversy hadn't arisen wouldn't you think those pipes should have been tested?"

Mr. Garrity said that he would.

"This is the smallest piece of business," said Mr. Costello, "that I have ever seen done at city hall. If it was a \$25 proposition, I suppose the mayor would go out and spend \$50,000 on it."

"I will look after the city's interests every time," put in the mayor.

In reference to Mr. Costello's remark relative to the way that \$600 had been allowed Mr. Connor for extra on the brick work on the Memorial building, Mr. Carmichael said the brick work should be handled in the same manner as the pipe testing and he thought it might be well for the council to rescind its vote in the matter and have Mr. Putnam call for bids. He would be in favor, he said, of granting Mr. Putnam power to spend a sum not exceeding \$500 for the removal of the turrets and part of the wall on the Coburn side of the Memorial building. He believed that the brick testing should also be left to Mr. Putnam.

**Butting in on Putnam**

After having taken very little part in the controversy, Commissioner Dunnigan looked up from beneath his glasses and remarked that the council seemed very anxious to take Mr. Putnam's authority away from him. "We

MORTGAGE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Nettle M. Saunders of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to William T. Shepard, of said Lowell, dated April 8, 1915, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 154, Page 459, will be sold at public auction for breach of the conditions of said mortgage deed, on Friday, the twelfth day November, A. D. 1915, at two o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon, all and singular the premises comprised by said mortgage, and thereto described substantially as follows:

That parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated on the easterly side of Gates street in said Lowell, shown as lot twenty-seven 120 on a plan entitled "Plan of Building Lots in Lowell belonging to the heirs of the late Josiah Gates," recorded October 1884, by Moses B. Smith, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book of Plans 1B, Plan 69, and bounded: Westerly by said Gates street fifty (50) feet; northerly by lot 25 on said plan ninety-one and 7/16 (91.4375) feet; easterly by lot 18 (18.0000) feet; southerly by lot 26 on said plan one hundred and 56/63 (100.9333) feet; and southwesterly by lot 28 on said plan ninety-three and 13-100 (93.43) feet. Containing four thousand six hundred twenty-eight and 25-100 (4,628.25) square feet of land and be sold contents and any or all of said measurements more or less, apportion being the same proportion to said lots as Nettle M. Saunders, deceased, by Charles E. Saunders, his son, dated April 8, 1912, Book 154, Page 459.

The above described premises will be sold and conveyed subject to a prior mortgage given by said Nettle M. Saunders to the Central Savings Bank, dated April 8, 1912, for the sum of \$1,000,000, for the sum of \$1,000,000, and accrued and interest and is subject to any and all unpaid taxes, municipal or other assessments and tax bills which may be due or to escape due thereon. The purchaser will be required to pay \$300 in cash at the time and place of sale, and the balance in ten days from the day of sale at the office of William T. Shepard, 103 Central street, Lowell, Mass., Mortgagee, William T. SHEPPARD.

Mortgage, O19-22-N2

are all the time butting in and I do not see why. It would seem that we have not the necessary confidence in him. I believe that all questions such as the brick work and pipe testing should be left to him. He is not going out to injure the city. He will not spend money unnecessarily."

Other members of the council have stated that they were not endeavoring to usurp any authority belonging to Mr. Putnam, but Mr. Dunnigan said that actions spoke louder than words. It was finally decided to let the pipe testing matter go until a meeting was held at which the architects and Inspector Connors could be heard.

## LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

### ITALY HAS DECLARED WAR AGAINST BULGARIA—FIGHTING IN SERBIA

LONDON, Oct. 19, 11:54 a. m.—Italy has declared war against Bulgaria, but the question whether she will send troops to join the British and French forces in Serbia remains as obscure as the results of the fighting raging on Serbia's eastern frontier. The Austro-German armies which occupied Belgrade appear to have advanced more than 15 miles south of the city but the outcome of the fighting between Bulgarians and Serbians along the important Salonic-Nish railway cannot be summed up so easily.

At two points, the northernmost of which is Vranya, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

### CONFIDENCE IN GEN. MUNRO

Removal of Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton from command of the Dardanelles force was received in England with mixed feelings, coming on the heels of rumors of a possible withdrawal from Gallipoli peninsula. In the best informed circles, however, the appointment as commander-in-chief of Maj. Gen. Sir Charles Munro is interpreted as an indication that the campaign will be prosecuted with renewed energy as the country has great confidence in the new leader's ability.

Gen. Bates of the board of health was sent for and in reply to the mayor's questions stated that Inspectors Garrity and Connors had gone over the piles at the Memorial building and had found that they were all right. They reported, he said, that the water put in the pipes ran off clearly.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and none is expected until the fighting reaches a more conclusive stage.

At the time of the fighting, the Bulgarians assert they have reached this railroad, while to the south the Serbians are reported to have driven back the invaders.

Both Athens and Paris maintain that French troops have occupied Strumita in southwestern Bulgaria, but there are available no official reports relating to the struggle in this quarter and

# KNOWLES MURDER CASE NO LICENSE CAMPAIGN

TALK OF AN ARREST—SUSPECTS' MOVEMENTS ARE DESCRIBED BY COLEY

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 19.—Albert Colby, who says he carried the revolver which killed Judge Willis S. Knowles to Johnstone on Labor day, was examined yesterday as to his mental soundness by Police Surgeon Griffin and a report will be submitted to Sheriff Wilcox.

Dr. Griffin stated last night, however, that there is nothing the matter with Colby except a slight nervous attack, and all subjects, including the part he played in the Knowles tragedy, in the interests of men to whom Colby says he delivered the murder gun. Colby was also taken to Butler Hospital for the insane and examined as to his sanity.

The authorities had Thomas Bernard, a ball player at the court house last night and he decided that he ever received or transmitted a telephone message from Colby Sunday, Sept. 5, to "be all ready for that job in the morning." Bernard said he knew nothing of the murder of Judge Knowles.

Bernard was induced to try on a coat which Colby said belonged to the former. It had been found hanging on a tree near the bungalow at the scene of the Knowles murder. Bernard denied that he ever saw the coat before and claimed it did not fit him.

Colby told the authorities last night that he had recalled some additional incidents which occurred soon after the tragedy. The information related to the movements of the man to whom he gave the revolver, who is under suspicion. The latest disclosure by Colby caused Sheriff Wilcox to seek a conference late last night with Attorney Rice.

Last night an arrest was being talked of with some seriousness, and it is stated that the investigators do not now hope to secure much additional information without taking such a step.

Colby is 33 years old and he belongs in Millis, Mass., where his sister resides.

## CALLS MONROE DOCTRINE BLUFF

Prof. Hart of Harvard Tells Worcester Audience This Plan Will No Longer Keep Europe Out

WORCESTER, Oct. 19.—Addressing the Worcester Congregational club last night Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard University, characterized the Monroe Doctrine as a policy which has kept European nations out of the western hemisphere in the past practically by bluffing, a plan which, he said, will no longer succeed.

Today Prof. Hart declared, if the United States intends to maintain the Monroe Doctrine, she must be willing to defend it. "Preparation," he said in brief, "is the only adequate proof that the United States wants the Monroe Doctrine."

Continuing, Prof. Hart said: "The United States must do one or two things if she would continue to uphold the Monroe Doctrine. Either she must stand for it as a question of passivity, a mutual understanding among the nations sufficient to preserve the world's peace; or else, if peace cannot be reached, then the United States must do what is necessary at least to protect her own coast from foreign invasion."

Today, he remarked, "the shadow of Monroe can no longer frighten European nations away from the western hemisphere while it would not be a very great undertaking to get troops across the water."

Prof. Hart noted how the United States has developed a system of protectorates of at least five Central American republics and every island of the West Indies except Jamaica. When it came to the actual point at which European nations might land in this hemisphere, Prof. Hart pointed out, the United States herself did the landing and has undertaken to see that no Latin-American republic shall give offense to Europe. This policy, he observed, naturally argues that in the course of time a protectorate for Mexico will also come about, and this entire plan, he added, is likely to be anything but satisfactory to the South American republics.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

INTERESTING EXHIBIT AT 50 CENTRAL STREET—SHOWS EVILS OF LIQUOR TRAFFIC

A volunteer committee of 150 men and women working under the auspices of the Flying Squadron is conducting a unique campaign against the liquor traffic in Lowell this week. Walter A. Chase is the chairman of the committee and there is a very interesting exhibit at 50 Central street. The exhibit opened yesterday afternoon and will remain open daily from 2 p.m. to 10 p.m. until Sunday night. Cards have been provided and signatures of individuals will be sought endorsing the national campaign for no license and national prohibition. The poster campaign is complete. The scientific aspect of the liquor problem is told in terse sentences in large type. The various ways in which the evils of the liquor business are illustrated are really astonishing.

The show windows display \$91 worth of groceries and the legend attached says:

"The food displayed here represents what may be bought in Lowell for \$81, the expenditure of the average family in the United States for drink." The whole exhibit is along this line, giving some concrete illustration of the cost of the liquor drinking habit to the city, the state and the family as well as the individual.

In the other show window is a reproduction of the famous Parisian painting which made a hit at the Saloon, entitled "Pay Day." The other displays give details of the effect of drink and its relation to the prisons, crime, mortality and heredity. The center of the room is devoted to a large table on which they represented in unusual manner the effects of drink. A card bears the figures which tell how much liquor is worth to Massachusetts. It is announced that the product value of the liquor traffic in this state is \$18,470,000 a year while the amount paid for labor in the liquor industry is \$1,321,749 a year. To point a moral it is declared on this same card that the product value of the cotton manufacturers in Lowell is \$26,795,270 a year and the amount paid in wages \$6,396,838. This is calculated to emphasize the smaller proportion of the wages in the liquor traffic as compared to an industry like the cotton mills.

## WANTS INDICTMENT QUASHED

Issued Ten Years Ago in Boston Against Mrs. Dahlia of Denver for Alleged Kidnapping

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 19.—Mrs. Belle Fenwick Dahlia, 10 years ago the central figure in a court fight that attracted national interest when Gov. McDonald refused extradition papers for her return to Boston, will ask the authorities there to quash the indictment pending against her for kidnapping that she may visit her former home.

Ten years ago Mrs. Dahlia, then Mrs. Fenwick, was the sister-in-law of John H. Sulley of Boston. After the death of her sister, Mrs. Dahlia claimed that her two nieces were not receiving proper attention in the home where Sulley placed them. She took the older girl to Canada and the younger to Norfolk, Va., and came to Denver.

Legal proceedings were instituted against her and she was indicted on the charge of kidnapping. The governor of Massachusetts issued requisition papers for her return to Boston, but the governor of Colorado refused to honor them when he learned the circumstances.

Mrs. Dahlia wishes to visit her old home and attend to property interests and will petition for the quashing of the indictment to prevent molestation.

## GOV. WALSH TREIR GUEST

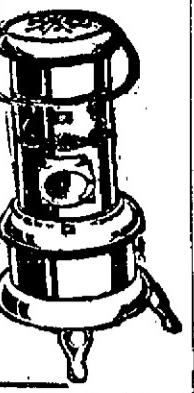
BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. Walsh last night was a guest at the monthly dinner of the Rotarian club at the Hotel Lenox. He was a guest of the club, to a discussion of the commercial ideals of the club. About 100 were present. President Edward C. Miller presided. An orchestra played and J. B. Thrasher or Natick read Canadian dialect stories. Arthur W. Blackman was chairman of the committee in charge of the dinner. Hastings Russell, his guest, gave an entertaining exhibition of ventriloquism.

## THRIFTY TRADERS!

Take These Ten Timely Tips—

Perfection Heaters...\$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00  
Electric Light Oil, for heaters, gal.....12c  
Perfection Wick, with carrier.....20c  
Rich Gold Bronze, for radiators, oz.....8c  
Bronzing Liquid, for mixing bronze, 1/2 pt. 10c  
Radiator Brush, 36 inches long.....35c  
Stove Brushes....12c Galv. Oil Cans....35c  
Flue Brushes....18c Hearth Brushes, \$1.05

**C.B. Coburn Co.** Free City Motor Delivery  
63 MARKET ST.



## GOV. WALSH'S RALLIES BISHOP PERRY ROBBED

SPENDS TODAY IN MIDDLESEX COUNTY—AT BILLERICA THIS AFTERNOON

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. Walsh will put in a very busy week of campaigning, beginning this morning when he will hold his first daylight rally of the campaign at Watertown at 10 o'clock.

The schedule this week follows:

Today—Watertown, 10; Waverley, 10:30; Belmont, 11; Arlington, 11:30; Lexington, 12; Bedford, 1:30; Carlisle, 2; Billerica, 2:30; Wilmington, 3; Reading, 3:45; Woburn, 4:30; and Stoneham, 5 o'clock.

This evening the governor will speak in Grand Army Hall, Chelsea, at 8 o'clock, after which he will attend a reception at the Chelsea Lodge of Elks. He will then go to Conservatory hall, Everett; Marie Hall, Malden; Knights of Columbus reception, Malden, and Melrose City Hall.

Wednesday—Springfield, 8:30 a.m.; Westfield, 2; Russell, 3:30; Huntington, 10; Chester, 10:30; Stockbridge, 11:30; Great Barrington, 12:30; Lee, 2; Lenox, 2:30; Lanesboro, 3:30; Cheshire, 4.

Wednesday evening he will speak at Williamson at 6:30, North Adams at 7, Adams at 7:30 and Pittsfield at 8:15.

Thursday—the governor will spend the day touring Ashland, Framingham, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn and Weston, the itinerary to be later announced. In the evening he will speak at Beverly, Manchester and Gloucester.

Friday—the first rally will be at Palmer at 11 a.m., followed by daylight rallies at Monson, Ware, Warren, West Warren, Gilbertville, West Brookfield, Brookfield and East Brookfield, the itinerary to be later announced. Friday evening he will speak at Danvers, Saugus, Peabody, Salem and Revere.

Saturday—Beginning in West Acton at 9:30, the governor will hold rallies at Littleton Common at 10 o'clock, Groton at 10:30, Pepperell at 11:15, Shirley at 12:30; Ayer, 12:45; Harvard, 2 p.m.; Bolton, 2:30; Hudson, 3; Maynard, 3:30; Concord, 4:15, and Wayland at 5 o'clock. The ratification meeting will be held in Tremont Temple at 7:45 Saturday evening.

The democratic state committee has arranged a lengthy schedule for the other members of the state ticket who will be heard in various parts of the commonwealth.

## A NEW SUBMARINE BASE

Seven Undersea Boats Arrive at New London With Tenders and Flagship

NEW LONDON, Oct. 19.—Seven submarines, G-1, G-2, G-4, E-1, D-1, D-2 and D-3, accompanied by the monitors Tonawanda and Ozark as tenders and by the destroyer Columbia as flagship, Rear Admiral Albert W. Grant, arrived in New London harbor yesterday from Newport, R. I., to open the new submarine base at the navy yard, more than two miles up the Thames river.

The Columbia anchored off New London light, but the submarines and tenders proceeded immediately up the river, and the undersea craft tied up at the docks at the navy yard.

## QUARANTINE IS LIFTED

LID OFF MILK COWS AT BRIGHTON STOCKYARDS MORE THAN FIFTEEN DAYS

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—The quarantine on the Brighton stockyards has been lifted only with respect to the milk cows which were there when the lid was clapped on 15 days ago, and still applies to the barn as far as allowing cows to enter for sale. About one-half of the cows which were caught when the quarantine was declared have been sold since the state department of animal industry gave permission to hold sales on Friday afternoon.

No public auctions are permitted. Cattle from all over New England for immediate slaughter are being received, just as they have been all the time. They go to a different part of the yard and have in no way been affected by the quarantine, because the federal and state inspectors look them over both before and after they are killed and condemn any that are diseased. The danger to human beings, which is small in any case, it is claimed, lies in the chance for infection from the living animals.

These conditions will continue at Brighton until after the 10 federal and state inspectors who have made one round of the 1200 farms in the vicinity of Leicester, where the disease was found on one farm, have completed their second inspection trip over the same ground. The second trip is merely to make doubly sure that no cases arise from infection which was incubating but had not been evident when the first trip was made. If, after the second tour, it is found that there is no case of the disease outside the place in Leicester, when New England cows will be let into the barn at Brighton again and public auctions will once more be permitted.

## REFUSES MOTTO OF HATRED

English Church Official Bars Memorial Inscription, "Murdered On Lusitania By Germans"

LONDON, Oct. 19.—"The wall of a church is not an appropriate place to perpetuate hatred," was the reason given by Sir Philip Whigham, chancellor of the diocese of Chester, when refusing to permit a memorial tablet to a victim of the Lusitania in a Holyoke church to bear the inscription "Who was murdered on the Lusitania by the Germans."

The word "murdered," Sir Philip said, would have to be taken out of the tablet. The chancellor then suggested that the inscription should read, "Who lost his life when the Lusitania was torpedoed by the Germans." This was agreed to.

Fresh ground to your order  
Delivered only in our trade-marked bag  
Everywhere 35 cents a lb.

**W.S. Quinby Co.**

Boston — Chicago

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

**D.D.D.** For 15 Years the Standard Skin Remedy

**DOWS DRUG STORES**

Lowell Johnson and Walter O. Johnson, the last two being named executors. Attorney Charles F. Choate, Jr. filed the will.

The estate of Iver Johnson, estimated at \$500,000 at his death 20 years ago, was left by him to his wife to care for herself and their four children during her life. The business and property of the Iver Johnson Arms and Cycle company increased after the death of Iver Johnson. The son, Frederick L. Johnson, was for some time general manager of the business.

Equity proceedings were brought in probate court to determine whether the Iver Johnson will created a trust fund for the benefit of the widow and family, with Mrs. Johnson as trustee, or whether the money was left to her and she was to care for the children from the income. A second issue was as to whom belonged the surplus income from the estate, beyond the amount necessary to support the family. Frederick L. Johnson, claimed a one-fourth interest in the surplus, asserting that his father's estate was a trust fund.

At the hearing in probate court a few years ago estimates were submitted to show that the principal of the Iver Johnson estate had about doubled and that Mrs. Johnson had sur-

plus profits of nearly \$8,000,000.

The case was taken to supreme court, and it was decided that a trust fund was created by the Iver Johnson will, but the surplus profits were awarded to Mrs. Johnson subsequent to the Iver Johnson estate.

The son, Frederick L. Johnson, was deposed from the post of general manager of the plant in Fitchburg, over which his mother exercised control.

The death of Mrs. Johnson makes the Iver Johnson estate available for equal division among the four children under the provisions of his will of 20 years ago.

plus profits of nearly \$8,000,000.

The case was taken to supreme court, and it was decided that a trust fund was created by the Iver Johnson will, but the surplus profits were awarded to Mrs. Johnson subsequent to the Iver Johnson estate.

The son, Frederick L. Johnson, was deposed from the post of general manager of the plant in Fitchburg, over which his mother exercised control.

The death of Mrs. Johnson makes the Iver Johnson estate available for equal division among the four children under the provisions of his will of 20 years ago.

# A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

100 DOZEN

## New Sample Neckwear

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE

On Sale Wednesday Morning



1200 pieces from a maker who catches the most up-to-date creations at their start and features them. Collars, Vestees, Guimpes, Chemisettes, Fichues and Sets.

Embroiled Muslin and Organdie Collars, roll	Net Chemisettes; regular price 50c, at.....25c
and flat effects, can be worn for dress or coat; regular prices 25c, 50c, at.....39c	Georgette Crepe Collars; regular price 50c, at.....39c
12½c and 15c Each	Hand Embroidered and Tucked Vestees, roll or flat effects; regular price \$1.00.....79c
Quaker Collar and Cuff Sets; regular price 25c, at.....15c	Oriental Lace Guimpes, with long sleeves; regular price \$1.00, at.....75c
Hand Embroidered Lawn Vestees, roll or flat effects; regular price 50c, at.....39c Each	Net Fichues with plaited ruffles; regular price 75c, at.....50c

## EXCELLENT VALUES IN

# RUGS and ART SQUARES

In fact the Savings are From a Third to a Half on Today's Regular Prices

The recent advance in all carpet materials, wools, jutes and dyes makes our early summer purchases all the more valuable.

\$65.00 SQUARES, 9x12 feet, best Wiltons,	\$19.00 SQUARES, Seamless, 9x12 feet, Tapestry, Brussels .....





<tbl\_r cells="2"

# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

## WALSH TO McCALL

Mr. McCall and his supporters are having a ticklish experience in so criticizing the present state administration that the blame for alleged abuses shall fall on Governor Walsh without throwing any shadow on the republican senate or the republican house. We hear a great deal about the "cost of government," the "inefficiency in commissions," the so-called "inefficiency," and all the other things which the unshlish republicans are burning to remedy, but we do not hear of the persistent opposition of the last session of the legislature to Governor Walsh and his policies; neither do we hear that every financial transaction of the past year was passed and approved by a legislature on which Governor Walsh had frequently urged the necessity for economy. As a cure for the flaws which have been so recently discovered, the republican party of Massachusetts suggests that the people shall elect a governor who shall be in full accord with the republican legislature and who may be able to get full sanction and support for any policies he may wish to push through. Does this look like reform? Those familiar with the legislature of 1915 do not think so.

At several rallies held last Saturday Governor Walsh paid his respects to the republican senate of 1915 and asked Mr. McCall for a pledge that his influence shall be exercised in future in behalf of truly representative government and in opposition to star chamber methods and legislative secrecy. The governor referred to the methods of the last senate as "invisible government," and to those who would scoff he presents facts and proofs which neither Mr. McCall nor the leaders of the senate can dissipate. The governor condemns practices which many have suspected but from which he has suffered when, in the cause of the people, he presented progressive measures obnoxious to the majority in the legislature or to the powerful few who shaped its dealings.

To prove his open charge, Mr. Walsh related his experience with the republican senate relative to some insurance companies which were guilty of discrimination in dealing with classes of employees the governor sent a special message to the legislature in which he recommended remedial legislation. The subject was submitted by the legislature to a special commission composed of two republicans and one democrat. After investigating, this commission recommended the passage of five acts. The joint committee on judiciary of the legislature unanimously approved these recommendations and reported upon them. No one openly opposed the proposed law. Even the representatives of the insurance companies professed to be satisfied. Were the laws passed then? No, indeed! With one exception, every recommendation was rejected by the republican legislature without even a roll call. In the words of Governor Walsh, "Can it be doubted that the real agency which brought about their defeat was not the people of this state, but the old familiar "invisible government?" . . . What explanation can Mr. McCall, the leader of the republican party in this campaign, give to the people of Massachusetts for the rejection by the senate of Massachusetts, without even a roll call, of these proposed laws recommended after extended hearings by a non-partisan commission and approved by the joint judiciary committee of the legislature without a dissenting voice?"

If this was really brought about by "invisible government" otherwise known as "the system" which candidate does invisible government support? Not David L. Walsh, the governor who was so consistently and insistently opposed by a legislature which tried to prevent his getting the credit for any progressive reform. In all his public speeches during his term of office, Governor Walsh did not try to minimize the difficulties of his position, but in spite of open and secret opposition he put through a program of advanced yet prudent legislation and so conducted himself as governor that his resourceful and experienced opponents are hard set to find an issue in his administration. The honesty and open policy of his regime are shown in his campaign as revealed by this exposé of "invisible government" and his fearless challenge to Mr. McCall to come out in condemnation of the republican legislature and the forces which operated against real popular and democratic government.

## COST OF LUXURY

Speaking in Boston last Sunday evening Rev. Madison C. Peters, D.D., delivered a strong criticism of some current tendencies, taking the stand that the people as a whole are neglecting their opportunities to live comfortably while at the same time making provision for the future. He admitted that the "cost of living" is higher than formerly but said that in many cases the truth would be better served by the phrase "high cost of luxury." As an illustration he mentioned the great neglect of American farm opportunities saying that if the state of Texas were farmed scientifically it "could feed the whole of the United States."

There is a great deal of truth in the

theatres reports that in his opinion out of 30 were clean, four suggestive, and five tending to instruction in crime. Furthermore it was discovered that the theatres which presented the cleanest pictures were the most crowded.

For a complete analysis of the local moving picture field, a more extensive investigation would be required, nevertheless, it is gratifying to find that the report is on the whole commendable. It may be that few people can agree as to what is objectionable in theatrical performances, but a minister is not liable to err on the ground of too great tolerance of what is indecent or suggestive, consequently the testimony of the investigator may be taken as really representing conditions.

Thousands of persons of all ages see the moving pictures in local theatres during the week and are consciously or unconsciously influenced thereby. The screen dramas have a directive power over the juvenile mind in particular that is for good or evil, according to the character of the representation. Vigilance must be exercised by the authorities, therefore, in order that high standards shall be maintained and that the few theatres which still tolerate suggestive or sensational pictures may swing in line with the great majority.

## JUDGE ENRIGHT'S DECISION

In announcing a finding of guilt in the case of two girls accused of assaulting a third who had called them "seabs" and other disagreeable names because they did not join the U. S. Cartridge company strikers, Judge Enright took into consideration the provocation in the case. He also undoubtedly took into consideration the fact that while every striker has the right to strike or to quit work at will, every other operative has an equal right to remain at work without insult or molestation of any kind. The decision as we view it, is a reminder that strikers have not the right to assail those who decide not to strike by hurling at them the name "seabs" or other offensive epithets. It is also a reminder that the party who provoked a quarrel and gets worsted, seldom gains anything by appealing to the courts.

Has Dumba left us a legacy of labor troubles at factories where munitions or other supplies are manufactured for the allies? The very suspicion that such may be the case will injure strikers who never heard of Dumba.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

**Look That Way Now**  
The talk of "war codes" is nothing but hash about hash. War is waged by men to win, and the winners are

men who will deny themselves or work hard are the right sort of men to educate.—*Fitchburg Sentinel*.

## Becoming a Habit

Apparently the first thing congress has had in along the line of preparedness is to buy a wedding present.—*Meriden Journal*.

## In No Hurry

Greece and Rumania appear to have decided that "for the present" wisdom is the better part of valor.—Portland Express.

## As They Apply It

The new definition for a treaty is "a document that does not apply in an inconvenient situation."—Holyoke Transcript.

## But the Harvest?

The fields are still large in the favorite son classes of the republican presidential nomination race.—*Brockton Times*.

## Very True

Accuracy, doing things to a finish is

**GIRLS! ACT NOW!**  
**HAIR COMING OUT**  
**MEANS DANDRUFF**

25-cent "Danderine" will save your hair and double its beauty.

Try this! Your hair gets soft, wavy, abundant and glossy at once.

Save your hair! Beautify it! It is only a matter of using a little Danderine occasionally to have head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, wavy and free from dandruff. It is easy and inexpensive to have pretty, charming hair and lots of it. Just buy a 25-cent bottle of Knifton's Danderine now—all drug stores recommend it—apply a little as directed and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance; freshness, luster and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you can not find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair sprouting all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower; destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp; it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, striking one spot at a time.

Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this.

**POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL**  
ALWAYS FRESH - PURE - SWEET  
Awarded Gold Medal San Francisco Exposition  
—The Highest Honor on Imported Olive Oil

## DESIRABLE MOVIES

A clergyman who has made a week's investigation of local moving picture

**SACRIFICE PRICES**  
Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases,  
Leather Goods  
Devine's Leased Out Sale  
124 MERRIMACK STREET

one of the most important lessons that can be taught a child, because there is moral quality at stake.—*Manchester Mirror*.

**That's the Point**  
Henry Ford and his general manager have separated over the question of Mr. Ford's unpreparedness talk. What has that to do with automobiles?—*Providence Call*.

**The Victims**  
One of the saddest features of the English newspapers these days is the English pictures found on the battlefield. They are the pictures of sweethearts, young mothers and of beautiful children who will long remember this great war.—*Providence News*.

**Heed Ye Jits!**  
The fitness claim to be legitimate competitors of the street railways. Indeed, if such be the case, their existence must be short lived. As competitors, they are obligated to the public to the same extent as the street railways.—*Beyerly Times*.

## SEEN AND HEARD

Sometimes it seems a great pity that October has only 31 days.

Again we have come to the glad season of mirth and consequent indigestion.

Some day every public telephone booth may be ventilated with an electric fan.

**The world is making progress all the time. What used to be called a swill cart is now a garbage wagon.**

**The man who learns something new every day ought to know at least 50 new things after he has done it for a year.**

**One answer to the question how the neighbors can afford to do all the things they do is that quite frequently they can't.**

**When the sport shirt came into fashion, it disclosed right away the fact that a great many young men had been wearing brass collar buttons.**

**After a man has been stung once by a swarm of bees, you can't get him enthusiastic by telling him that bee stings are a cure for rheumatism.**

**Does the cartoonist's wife always warn the cartoon away when she sees him start in to make pictures of the children?**

**If your friend had a twinge of rheumatism yesterday, you are sure to offend him if you don't ask the first thing when you meet him how he is today.**

**The leeman has to be almost a mind reader to know for sure whether the leis card in the parlor window was put up in the morning, or left after he delivered a 10-pound cake the day before.**

**Why try to stir up the boy's ambition by telling him that he has a chance of becoming president some day? Why not tell him that he has a chance of becoming the star pitcher of a world's championship team?**

**Chestnuts ought to be in the market before very long, in large quantities, as the sharp frost of a week ago must have opened the chestnut burrs, and they must now be falling in quantities. Boys who are lucky enough to know where there are chestnut trees in the city outskirts are already bringing them in, but there have not as yet been many noticed in the market.**

**Unsigned Bank Notes**

**This would be an unnecessary precaution in our case but it may be well for you to begin the practice of noting well the appearance of bank notes that come into your possession, for unless you do there is danger, sometimes getting caught with worthless goods. This warning is pertinent just now because shortly there are likely to be more of a train robbery in West Virginia, in which that amount of unsigned bank notes was stolen. Perhaps it will pay you to begin a few weeks hence, to look at the United States bank notes to the total value of \$100,000 as a result of a train robbery.**

**Greek and Rumania appear to have decided that "for the present" wisdom is the better part of valor.—Portland Express.**

**As They Apply It**

**The new definition for a treaty is "a document that does not apply in an inconvenient situation."—Holyoke Transcript.**

**Turned Him Down**

**"Do you really mean it, Mr. Spooener, when you say I am the best girl in the world?" asked a young lady of an art director.**

**"Indeed I do, Dora," responded the young man. "I say it again—you are the best girl in the world."**

**"And the loveliest, I think you said?"**

**"The loveliest without doubt."**

**"I think you said something about my accomplishments, too?"**

**"I did," said they excelled those of any other girl."**

**"I believe you called me sweet?"**

**"A sweater woman never breathed!"**

**"You used the word 'perfect,' too."**

**"Did you not?"**

**"I did. I look upon you as the pink of perfection propriety, and modesty, the empress of my heart, the peerless one among the beauties creatures of your sex, a maiden adorable, enchanting, and worthy of the hand of the best man on earth. Say the word that will make me the happiest man on earth, my own Dora."**

**"Before I give you an answer, Mr. Spooener, I should like to ask you one question."**

**"A dozen, if you like."**

**"One will be enough. Don't you think that you have a great deal of assurance to exert a woman with all those excellent qualities to marry such an ordinary man as you?"**

**Mr. Spooener is still a bachelor.**

**Yesterday**

**It seems but yesterday I signed that note, but three months time, And four months later the signature withered and became outworn.**

**And now this! That note is due.**

**And I'm too poor to pay.**

**How can youth be so long ago?**

**It seems but yesterday.**

**It seems but yesterday she vowed She'd be forever true,**

**And smiled upon me when I came,**

**As fresh matrons do;**

**And now she's vowed another man.**

**To another and obey.**

**Was our first dream so long ago?**

**It seems but yesterday.**

**It seems but yesterday that Spring broke in on Winter's reign,**

**And bade goodby to ice and snow,**

**And frosted winter pine,**

**Now I need thirteen tons of coal—**

**Eight dollars a ton they say—**

**Is it so long since Spring was here?**

**It seems but yesterday.**

**—Somerville Journal.**

**Mrs. George Dewey, wife of Admiral**

**Dewey, has accepted an appointment**

**as an honorary member of the ways**

**and means of obtaining national de-**

**fense committee of the woman's sec-**

**cation of the Navy League.**

## DARK AGES OF MEDICINE

Many cathartics are noxious doses, offensive to taste and smell.

Some people think that they are bad taste. Otherwise nobody would think of taking eructo oil or castor oil or salts to move the bowels. They belong to the past. Harsh cathartics, except in extreme emergencies, never were advisable.

It is now possible to take a laxative that will give nature a little gentle assistance and to increase the dose when more action is desired. Pinklets, the tiny pink laxative pills, make this possible and they never gripe.

Your druggist sells Pinklets. Price free sample and a useful book on the treatment of constipation will be sent on request by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

## DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Boy Mute Reenacts Murder of Mother and Death of Father

ATHOL, Oct. 18.—Maddened by des-

perency, Harry G. Wright, a widely-known mechanic of this town, fatally wounded his wife yesterday in their home on Saunders street, and then ended his own life with a bullet through his heart.

# BLOW TO YALE

Le Gore, Football Star,  
and Four Others Are  
Barred From Games

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 19.—Yale athletics were dealt a body blow last night when Harry LeGore, its greatest football man; Billy Easton, substitute quarterback; Spencer Pumpeley, a backfield candidate; Arthur Millburn, captain of the baseball team, and Bob Rhett, star outfielder, were declared ineligible for further intercollegiate competition.

The expulsion from college sports was announced at the office of the Yale Athletic association late last night, and the reason given was that each had obtained board and lodging for playing summer baseball with the Quogue Field club team of Long Island.

**Deceit Not Intended**

Accompanying the association's statement was a letter signed by five athletes, in which they state their breach of the Yale association's rule was made unintentionally, and that upon being advised of the violation they immediately paid to the Quogue Field club sums of money to cover their living and lodging expenses during their connection with the club's baseball team.

From the tone of this letter, this statement came voluntarily and without solicitation from the Yale officials, but there is a growing opinion about New Haven, supported by the early withholding of LeGore from the varsity football lineup, that complaint from either Princeton or Harvard precluded investigations which led to this statement and its regrettable outcome.

Not since the establishment of strict amateur rulings among eastern colleges has there occurred such a sensational and wholesale uncovering of un-amateur doings among college athletes, and not in the history of Yale athletes has such a blow been dealt to their athletic teams.

**Students Surprised**

Never has the Yale campus been the scene of such a demonstration as occurred when the announcement was made. The demonstration was far from noisy, but, for the announcement came to the undergraduate body as a complete surprise, and the show of feeling was that of looks and expression of hopelessness or indignation.

Harry LeGore, one of the greatest football men ever to represent the Blue, and a baseball player whose pronounced ability has led many big league scouts to the Yale baseball diamond in attempts to secure his signature to a major league contract, is Yale's most telling loss, as the result of the expense while the loss of Easton and Pumpeley comes at a critical stage in Yale's football season, and when much was dependent upon their presence on the Yale team. Millburn and Rhett, confined their athletic endeavors to baseball and with that season so far away, the effect of their expulsion from athletics is not so great.

LeGore, who last Saturday, for the first time this season, started as a regular on the 'varsity team, was undoubtedly the best man in New Haven's lineup. Last year he was the sensation of the college football world. Playing at the fullback position, he demonstrated a football versatility that brought comment from all sections of the country. As a line plunger and open field runner he was the best man of an unusually strong squad, and he combined with this a punting and drop-kicking ability that was second to none of the college players of the present day, and, in addition, he was the man upon whom the success of Yale's spectacular passing game most depended. Last Saturday, when showing as a regular for the first time this year, he gave every evidence that he not only retained his last season's ability but was to prove a more remarkable man in the various branches of the sport.

**Put on Second Team**

During the first few weeks of the season his name appeared only in the lineup of the second team. As member of that eleven his work clearly outshone that of any man in Yale's backfield squad. Yet he was not placed on the 'varsity two weeks ago, when Yale was being beaten by the strong Virginia team. Yale stands along with the school, "Put in LeGore." "We want LeGore." Virginia's victory brought much condemnation upon the shoulders of Frank Hinkey. The demand for LeGore being given a place in the 'varsity lineup came from graduates all over the country, and, as if by answer to this demand, LeGore was sent into the Lehigh game as a substitute, and as such he scored the touchdown and goal from touchdown that won the contest.

This spectacular work was continued when as a regular he took part in the Springfield Y.M.C.A. college game of a week and a half ago. Yale graduates and undergraduates were elated. The football situation, which had caused them much concern, seemed

to have been cleared by the placing of LeGore, and the bright prospects of the early season, which gave Yale the choice as 1915 football champions, seemed about to be realized.

The Yale Athletic association's announcement, coming at such a time, has overcast the entire university, prospects of a victorious football season have been blasted, and all Yale is blue—bluer than the blue of its pennant.

**ASK YALE TO RECONSIDER**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—As the result of an informal meeting of Harvard football leaders and authorities it was expected in Cambridge today that efforts would be made to persuade Yale to reconsider its action in dropping five prominent athletes because of their summer baseball activities. When it was learned that LeGore and Easton, two football players, had been included in the list of Yale ineligibles, Capt. E. W. Mahan of the Harvard 'varsity football team called a meeting at which the matter was discussed. All of those present declined to be quoted today, but it is known that Capt. Mahan conferred with Chief Coach Haughton, former Capt. Robert Storer, Richard Wiggleworth and two members of the student advisory board and that the general sentiment seemed to be that the absence of LeGore would deprive the Harvard-Yale contest on Nov. 29 of one of its best features.

The view is held to have been expressed that as the violation of the intercollegiate agreement had been a technical one, and as the players had made proper amends when their attention was called to a violation of the rule, an exception might be made in their cases. No definite action, however, was taken at the meeting except to extend to Yale an unofficial way the attitude of Harvard.

Football players pointed out that when Orville Frank, a Harvard baseball captain, was found to have technically violated an athletic rule, Yale promptly came forward and asked Harvard to permit the big first baseman to continue in the game.

## ALL STARS BEGIN TOUR

HOBILITZELL IN CHARGE OF ALL-AMERICANS—BANCROFT HEADS NATIONALS

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Baseball stars of the American and National leagues were ready to get away tonight on their tour of the northwest and west. The first game was scheduled for Oshkosh, Wis., tomorrow. The tour will

begin with Orville Frank, a Harvard baseball captain, who was found to have technically violated an athletic rule, Yale promptly came forward and asked Harvard to permit the big first baseman to continue in the game.

## WITH THE PADDED MITTS

Phinney Boyle meets Harry Carlson of Brockton at the Unity club, Lawrence, next Thursday evening in the main bout of 12 rounds. Carlson is the ex-national amateur champion, and since deserting the amateurs he has beaten Young Britt, Johnny Noonan and Frankie McManus in decisive fashion. He has also beaten six other boxers of less note. Boyle opened his winter campaign in startling form, beating Joe Morgan of Manchester in ten frames and knocking out rugged Young Chakas. This was the first time the little Greek was ever forced to stop before the end of a bout. At New Bedford, Oct. 25th, Boyle will meet a sterling boxer, Pete Hartley of Denmark, who weighs about 128 pounds, and his manager, Leo Flynn, said a few days ago that Hartley is the best looking product in New York today.

Charley White will show his hitting powers at Boston tonight, when he meets Johnny Harvey, a New York boxer. Harvey has boxed Johnny Griffiths of Akron, O., twice, Joe Rivers, Sammy Trot, Matty Baldwin, and he succeeded in holding his own with all of them. He knocked out Baldwin in three rounds at New Haven a few months ago. In meeting White, Harvey stacks up against the hard-hitting in the lightweight class and a boxer who can bring a bout to a quick close, if he lands on an opponent's jaw with his left hand. Two weeks after the Harvey battle White mingles with Miller ("Young") Taylor in a return bout at New Haven. Taylor gave the Chicagoan a terrible lacing when they met before Referee Billy Roche decided it was an even thing, but he was the only one in the arena who thought so.

According to the Boston Traveler, Young Laborde stakes no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the boxers of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local hero Gardner (Joe) Brooks snapped up the duty without a moment's delay, but Laborde must have thought of that, waiting he took about a year ago at

the school, "Put in LeGore."

"We want LeGore." Virginia's victory brought much condemnation upon the shoulders of Frank Hinkey. The demand for LeGore being given a place in the 'varsity lineup came from graduates all over the country, and, as if by answer to this demand, LeGore was sent into the Lehigh game as a substitute, and as such he scored the touchdown and goal from touchdown that won the contest.

This spectacular work was continued when as a regular he took part in the Springfield Y.M.C.A. college game of a week and a half ago. Yale graduates and undergraduates were elated. The football situation, which had caused them much concern, seemed

to have been cleared by the placing of LeGore, and the bright prospects of the early season, which gave Yale the choice as 1915 football champions, seemed about to be realized.

The Yale Athletic association's announcement, coming at such a time, has overcast the entire university, prospects of a victorious football season have been blasted, and all Yale is blue—bluer than the blue of its pennant.

**MR. MOTLEY WILL REMEDY MATTERS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE—HAS ORDERED MUFFLERS**

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages, 20 for 10c; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-covered carton for 10c. It is particularly recommended that you buy for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.  
Winston-Salem, N.C.

Men do not look for premiums with

Camels, because they appreciate the quality, the absence of bite and parch and absence of any cigarette after-taste.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

**GIGARETTES**

the hands of Brooks, although Labore wants to clash with Brooks let him say something or sneak back into his shell and admit he is afraid to meet Brooks again.

Mike Gibbons will probably clash with Jeff Smith at New York in the near future. Smith has only recently returned from Australia where he made a fine showing. He only lost a few verdicts and all of them were questionable. He is looked upon as a formidable opponent for the St. Paul Phantom and a large crowd would turn out to witness this high class card should it be arranged.

Tonight is the night that Frank Moran and Jim Coffey get together at New York to settle the question of supremacy. Moran, it will be remembered, fought Jack Johnson 20 rounds in Paris, not so long ago, while he beat Dandridge Wells easily. Coffey has only two newspaper decisions against him. Tom McMahon and Charlie Werner are the two men who are credited with whipping the Dublin giant, but it is doubtful if they could stay the distance at the present time. Coffey is looked upon to beat the one time hopeless hero, and record attendance is expected to crowd Madison Square garden this evening. Benny Leonard and Young Drummie are to clash in the semi-windup. Leonard and Coffey are managed by Billy Gibson, manager of the Garden A. C., where the shows are held.

**TED LEWIS DEFEATS MOORE**

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 19.—Ted Lewis, the brilliant English boxer, gave a dazzling exhibition of footwork and hitting from all angles in defeating Willie Moore at the Olympia A. A. last night. The bout went the limit of six rounds, and in every round except the fifth Lewis had all the better of the milling. At the conclusion of the contest he had Moore's eyes damaged and Willie was bleeding from the nose.

**GREEN BEATS GEORGE CHIP**

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 19.—Harry Grab bested George Chip, the former middleweight champion, in a fast six-round bout in the Duquesne garden last night.

**MITCHELL BEATS AZEVEDO**

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 19.—Ritchie Mitchell of Milwaukee secured the biggest victory of his career last night by administering a clean defeat to Joe Azevedo, the great California Portuguese, in 10 rounds of fast milling. Mitchell began a slugfest with the first round and kept it up throughout the battle, having the lead in practically every round of at least an even break.

**BLACK BEATS CONDON**

NEW BEDFORD, Oct. 19.—Tommy O'Keefe of Philadelphia, who was scheduled to box Frankie Mack of Beachmont here last night, failed to show up, sending word that he had been injured while training. On a hasty call to New York Harry Condon was secured, coming into the ring after riding all the afternoon.

Mac bopped him hard throughout the 15 rounds, landing his left jab almost at will; but Condon never failed to come in for more. He was outclassed all the way, but finished strong.

**AL SHUBERT WINS**

PITTSFIELD, Oct. 19.—Al Shubert of New Bedford outboxed Willie Brown of New York last night in their scheduled 10-round battle before the members of the 20th Century A. C. Both boys showed considerable talent, and up to the seventh there was little choice between them, but in that session Shubert opened a cut over Brown's left eye and thereafter the New Yorker was felled.

**CARLSON DROPS CANTO**

GLoucester, Oct. 19.—Harry Carlson, the Brockton Cyclone, knocked out Jabez Canto of this city at the Lenox A. C. last night in the first 10 seconds of the second round of a 12-round scheduled bout.

**ROBERT B. WARD DEAD**

JOS. J. MCCOY, WHO LAID OUT TRAIL FROM TEXAS TO ABI-LENE, KAS., DEAD

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 19.—Joseph J. McCoy, pioneer plainsman, who laid out the famous cattle trail from the state of Texas to Abilene, Kas., died here today after a two month illness. He contributed much to the development of the southwest before the building of railroads.

**WAS PIONEER PLAINSMAN**

PARIS, Oct. 19, 1:20 p. m.—Denial is made in Athens that railway communication between Saloniiki and Nish has not been interrupted.

**FRENCH WAR REPORT**

PARIS, Oct. 19, 2:30 p. m.—Denial is made in Athens that railway communication between Saloniiki and Nish has been interrupted.

The Athens correspondent of the Hava news agency who forwarded this information today reported also that the arrival at Saloniiki was expected of the first train bearing French soldiers wounded in fighting the Bulgarians.

The Hosta of Athens says that the arrival of French troops has prevented the Bulgarians from interrupting railway communication. The Bulgarians, this newspaper states, were thrown back with heavy losses.

A train has arrived at Saloniiki on its way to Monastir in southwestern Serbia, near the Greek border, carrying the books and money of the Serbian National bank. The train showed the marks of the rifle fire through which it had passed.

**THEATRE**

**JOHN MASON and HAZELDAWN in "THE FATAL CARD"**

6th EPISODE OF "NEAL OF THE NAVY" IN TWO ACTS. COMEDY AND PATHÉ NEWS

AMATEURS TONIGHT

1000 MATINEE RESERVED SEATS

LAST TWO DAYS

**THE FASHION SHOP**

NEW GIRLS—NEW GOWNS—NEW SONGS

With Blanche Latell, Late Feature of Naughty Marietta and Eti Corr, Broadway's Favorite Ruby Comedienne, and a Beauty Chorus of

Broadway Models

1000 MATINEE RESERVED SEATS

Wednesday and Thursday

**"The Broken Coin"**

The 17th Episode and An All-Star Mutual Show Will be Flashed on the Screen.

Admission....5c and 10c

is divided, for the collection of supplies according to the divisions of the quartermaster's department of the army.

The importance of the instructions lies in the fact that all volunteers, relief, in case the United States should ever be involved in war, must pass through the Red Cross.

Temporary and permanent injunctions are sought.

The suit is distinct from that

against the same concern under the Sherman anti-trust act, begun several years ago, in which its dissolution as an unlawful combination and monopoly in restraint of trade was sought and which now is before the United States supreme court.

The present action does not seek dissolution, but asks the court to enjoin the company perpetually from further engaging in alleged unlawful practices.

There also is the usual prayer for such other "general further relief" as the court may see fit to give.

One of the unusual features is

that the petition contains a request for a temporary order restraining the United Shoe company from resorting to the practices complained of until determination of the suit.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—The first important government suit under the Clayton anti-trust act was begun here yesterday by Attorney General Gregory against the United Shoe Machinery company.

The petition filed in the federal district court charges the shoe company with unlawful practices that substantially lessen competition and tend to monopoly.

Temporary and permanent injunctions are sought.

The suit is distinct from that

against the same concern under the Sherman anti-trust act, begun several years ago, in which its dissolution as an unlawful combination and monopoly in restraint of trade was sought and which now is before the United States supreme court.

The present action does not seek dissolution, but asks the court to enjoin the company perpetually from further engaging in alleged unlawful practices.

There also is the usual prayer for such other "general further relief" as the court may see fit to give.

One of the unusual features is

that the petition contains a request for a temporary order restraining the United Shoe company from resorting to the practices complained of until determination of the suit.

**PUT CRAPPE ON FIREHOUSE**

**SILENT PROTEST AGAINST MOTORIZATION CHANGES IN WOBURN FIRE HOUSES**

WOBURN, Oct. 19.—As a silent, but expressive, protest against the changes yesterday in the fire department, the doors of Hose 3 house bore long streamers of crappe.

By the terms of the change in equipment leading to the motorization of the department 31 men were retired and five houses locked up after stripping them of the accumulations of the years.

The discarded hose wagons will be stored in the vacant hook and ladder house on Montvale av.

Yesterday was a day of farewells to oldtime quarters and associations, and there was a bit of sentiment in



# TO QUIT DARDANELLES

**REPORT ALLIES WILL ABANDON CAMPAIGN—GEN. HAMILTON RELIEVED OF COMMAND**

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Major General Charles Carmichael Monro has been appointed to command the Dardanelles expedition in succession to General Sir Ian Hamilton, who is returning to England to make a report. This announcement is made by the war office.

Pending General Monro's arrival at Gallipoli, Major General William Birdwood will temporarily command the troops.

General Sir Ian Hamilton is one of the veteran fighters of the British army, having seen service in the Afghan war of 1878, the Boer war of 1881, the Nile expedition, various campaigns in Africa and the South African war, in which he was chief of staff to Lord Kitchener. He is 62 years of age.

Major General Charles Carmichael Monro, who was born in 1858, was appointed commander of an army corps last January. He entered the army in 1879 and served with distinction in So. Africa in 1899-1900. Later he commanded a division of the territorial forces.

Major General William R. Birdwood, who temporarily takes command of the British forces in the Dardanelles, was wounded in battle last May on the Gallipoli front. He has a record of splendid service in the Boer war, being mentioned many times in despatches for heroism. In that war he suffered severe wounds.

**Allies to Quit, Says Berlin**

Berlin sends out by wireless a special despatch to the National Zeitung "from the Russian border," which says:

"Your correspondent learns from a well informed source that the abandonment of the Dardanelles campaign by France and Great Britain already has been decided upon. Russian circles interested in this matter have been informed that the allies will suspend operations on the Galician peninsula all at once, but will gradually withdraw troops from there."

Military circles of the entente powers are fully convinced of the hopelessness of the Dardanelles undertaking in its present form."

The correspondent adds that another reason for the abandonment of the campaign is that the troops are needed for service in Serbia.

## DENOMINATIONAL UNION

**Baptist Social Union Holds Meeting and Discusses Social Interests—Nominees for President Declined to Serve**

The purpose of a denominational union, and the place of such a union in the work of the Baptist church in Lowell was discussed last night at the annual meeting of the Lowell Baptist Social Union held in Y.M.C.A. hall. The question was opened up by Rev. A. C. Archibald and Rev. W. E. Woodbury. General discussion followed, the question being raised whether or not the social end of the union should be continued. If it were to be maintained, Secretary O. E. Macgregor said, it must be placed on a business basis. Many of those present favored its continuance and others pointed out that the primary purposes of the union was to extend the home missionary work, and that the object is neglected under the present system.

The list of officers for the ensuing year was brought in by the nominating committee, but the nominee for president declined to serve. It was finally voted to suspend all business until an adjourned meeting, to be held one month from date, and that in the meantime an effort be made, through a committee of three in each church, to increase the membership on a democratic basis.

Rev. Mr. Ramette, the French missionary, made his report of work done in his mission church.

Henry C. Fuller, the treasurer of the union for 23 years, made his report, which contained the following information on the missionary end of the work:

"It may be of interest to know that during the time I have served you I have received \$32,794.50 and disbursed \$32,627.27, leaving a balance today of \$167.53. The Blossom street chapel, now Immanuel church, has been built, a cottage house in West Sixth street bought and reconstructed into a chapel for our French mission work. After two or more years, this was outgrown, sold, and the money applied toward the present chapel in Enneil street, which cost, for land and building, without any furnishings, \$2291.56. The French work has been most successfully carried on by Rev. Messrs. LaFleur, St. James, Groullette and the present pastor, Rev. E. C. Ramette.

**SPANISH MINISTERIAL CRISIS**

MADRID, Oct. 19, via Paris, 5.05 a.m.—The Spanish ministerial crisis, it now appears, is confined to replacing the minister of finance, who is in conflict with his colleagues of the departments of public instruction and public works, over their expenditures which he considers extravagant.

As the new budget must be voted upon before Dec. 31, it is considered highly improbable that a ministry recruited outside the ranks of the conservatives could appear before the present chamber. If the liberals return to power, the change is more likely to take place at the beginning of next year, coinciding, as is customary, with the new elections.

## AMUSEMENT NOTES

### OPERA HOUSE

"Maggie Pepper" has captivated the theatre patrons of Lowell and the surrounding towns. Rose Stahl's greatest success which is being offered this week at the Opera House by the Emerson Players is a great dramatic hit, and the packed houses at both performances yesterday and again this afternoon testify to the great success of the play. "Maggie Pepper," coming from last night's performance, will prove popular and is likely to attract more and more day by day, but it will be given for this week only. "Maggie Pepper" has a better punch than "Within the Law," and will more than duplicate the success of this production.

Miss Ann O'Day is scoring her biggest hit of the season as "Maggie Pepper," and she certainly deserves it. Miss O'Day's work in this play is certain to win her many more than admiration. She plays it handsomely. Ho-



SCENE FROM "THE LITTLE GIPSY"

With Dorothy Bernard in the Title Role, at the Academy of Music

her Burton does fine work as "Joe Holbrook," the English chap who has fallen in love with "Maggie Pepper." It is the first best character he has played this season.

Joe Cheadle, Doris Booth, Darel Gondwe, Walter van Beekman, Carson Day, export, Clara Sidney, Frank Wright, Dick Barry, Gertrude Shirley, Margery Cutting, May Gerald and other popular members of the company play their parts well and do their part in making the play a great success. It seems as if the play were built especially for the Emerson Players, so well do the players fit in.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many handsome gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

some gowns, secured through the courtesy of the J. L. Chaffous company.

For two solid years "Maggie Pepper" was the starring success of Rose Stahl and proved an even greater attraction than "Within the Law." It is different from any other play that the stage has known. It tells the story of "Maggie Pepper," a salesgirl, who, ambitious to become the buyer of her department, has many obstacles placed before her. But she succeeds and how she does so is wonderfully told in this big play of today. "Maggie Pepper" bids fair to lead in popularity all the other plays yet produced by the Emerson Players.

The settings in "Maggie Pepper" are attractive, while the accessories used are all new and complete and identically the same as used in the original production. On display are many hand-

&lt;p

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

PRICE ONE CENT

## DEMOCRATIC RALLIES

### Enthusiastic Gatherings at Dracut, Chelmsford and Billerica Last Evening

The democratic town committee chairman of Dracut, North Billerica and Chelmsford performed respectively three fine hustling stunts in preparing for democratic rallies held in their towns last evening, on very short notice from the democratic state committee.

It was late Saturday night when the chalcemen were reached and informed to be prepared for rallies on Monday night and they hustled about to get the meeting places and make the other necessary arrangements.

In North Billerica Mr. Charles Cowdry engaged Union hall at North Chelmsford John F. McManaman prepared for his meeting in the town hall while at Dracut John W. Brennan secured St. Mary's hall, at Collinsville.

All three then made their announcements and as a result when the speakers arrived they found good sized crowds at each meeting place.

#### At North Billerica

At North Billerica, Mr. Cowdry called to order and introduced as the chairman of the evening former Rep. John J. Kiggins, who is a candidate for re-election, and who from all accounts is about to be given his second term. Mr. Kiggins made a most interesting address dealing with the administration of Governor Walsh and the leading state issues. His familiarity with the important state issues showed the result of careful and intelligent study and observation during his first term in the legislature. He was well received and made a most favorable impression. Rep. Frederick Burke, candidate for senator in that district and one of the most popular members of the legislature made a fine impression. He is a forceful talker and discussed the state issues also referring to the head of the ticket in glowing terms. James Walsh, a nephew of Governor Walsh and a most promising young speaker aroused considerable enthusiasm as did James Ahearn, a well known Cambridge attorney. Joseph H. McNally, the democratic candidate for councillor in this district also spoke. There were about 150 present and considering the short notice on which the rally was held it was a big success.

#### Speakers at Collinsville

Major Thomas L. Walsh, brother of Governor Walsh, and quite as good a speaker and Christopher J. Fay, probably the oldest democratic stump speaker in the state spoke at Dracut and Chelmsford. Major Walsh speaking at Dracut while Mr. Fay was at Chelmsford.

Former Rep. John W. Brennan called to order at Collinsville and St. Mary's hall was well liked. Mr. Brennan spoke upon the reform in the workingmen's compensation act that had been brought about by Governor Walsh and referred to it as one of the greatest legislative achievements in behalf of the working people that has ever been recorded at the state house. Referring to his own candidacy he stated that representing both city and country interests he had carefully followed all legislation affecting the interest of the farmers and all affecting the interest of the laboring classes in the big manufacturing establishments of the city and of his own town. He stated that his record would show that without exception he had favored all measures beneficial to the farming interests and had opposed all that would operate against their interests, and had done likewise on all labor measures.

Major Walsh, who closely resembles the governor in appearance and vice with him in popularity received an ovation as he arose to speak. Major Walsh stated that he took great pride in the fact that Hon. David L. Walsh was his first young man sprung from the working classes who has held the responsible position of governor of the commonwealth, and has held it with honor and success. The official acts of the governor since his election have shown, he said, that character and not position alone was necessary to enable one to be elected to the highest position in the state and to carry out the obligations of that position in proper manner. Conscience and consideration for the benefit of the more needful had governed his actions throughout his term of office, this characteristic being manifested when he vetoed the milk bill and thus earned the antagonism of a large section of the voters of the state.

**COFFEE DWARFS CHILDREN PHYSICALLY—MENTALLY**

Prominent school workers assert coffee drinking school children are undersize, underweight and backward in studies.

The State Board of Health of Texas has been making inquiries into the effects of coffee upon school children. "Children who drink coffee for breakfast," says one report, "come to school exhilarated, they work strenuously in the morning, and are overbearing with energy and vitality, BUT THEY DO NOT LAST under the school routine; they become fatigued more quickly than the other pupils, and by the close of school in the afternoon they are exhausted to the point of stupor. They are nervous and therefore unstable in their deportment."

It has also been found by other investigators that children who drink coffee averaged from one and one-half to more than four pounds less in weight, and from one-half inch less than the children who abstained from coffee. They were also found to have an average of three pounds less in hand strength than the children who never drank coffee."

**NOTE.—Many parents have found it to their children's advantage to give them instant Postum as the hot morning beverage instead of coffee. This delicious food-drink resembles coffee in looks and flavor, but is entirely free from the disturbing coffee drug, caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.**

## SPEAR PARDONED

### Head of an Alleged \$1,000,000 Fraud Freed by Pres. Wilson

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—President Wilson, while traveling to Princeton today, announced that he had granted a pardon to Cameron Spear, sentenced to five years in the Atlanta penitentiary for unlawfully using the mails in connection with the Collins Wireless Telephone Co. It was alleged at the trial that \$1,000,000 of fraudulent stock was sold. He was convicted in the United States district court at New York.

President Wilson worked on the Spear and other pardon cases and on correspondence throughout his ride from Washington. He dictated steadily to his stenographer.

Spear has already served one year beyond his parole period, and was represented to the president as was living away in the penitentiary from disease. In the absence of Attorney-General Gregory recently Solicitor General Davis recommended to the president the application for the pardon to be denied.

As Major Walsh left the hall Christopher J. Fay arrived from Chelmsford and was introduced and he was enthusiastically received.

James P. Dunnigan, of North Chelmsford, who was present, was called to the platform and introduced. Mr. Dunnigan spoke briefly in behalf of the entire ticket. Mr. Dunnigan who is personally well known to a Dracut audience received a warm welcome.

#### At North Chelmsford

A large and enthusiastic gathering assembled at the town hall, in North Chelmsford where the rally was presided over by Dr. James F. Hoban, in the absence of John F. McManaman, the town chairman. Dr. Hoban was able to speak of Gov. Walsh from the standpoint of a close personal friend for they were neighbors in boyhood's days and subsequently were classmates at college. Dr. Hoban spoke on the governor's exemplary life as a college student, a private citizen and a public official.

Christopher J. Fay who made his first appearance at North Chelmsford in 19 years dropped in on his old friend, Rev. Edmund T. Schofield, before going to the meeting. He is well known to the older residents of the village and was warmly received when introduced by Dr. Hoban. Mr. Fay stated that he had been advancing the cause of the democratic party for 40 years and was more enthusiastic today than at any time in that long period of activity. He was proud to be able to argue the cause of Gov. Walsh whom he believed to be one of the most brilliant and able men that has ever sat in the governor's chair. He dwelt upon the policies carried out by Hon. Woodrow Wilson and stated that the American public owes him a lasting debt of gratitude for keeping this country out of the war that at present is being waged.

Europe. The policies of President Wilson, he said, are thoroughly upheld by Gov. Walsh. Speaking of the appointments made by Gov. Walsh, he stated that while they did not please everybody, as is ever the case in the matter of appointments, it cannot be denied that character had entered into the governor's selections. He made a patriotic reference to conditions in this country at the present time, appealing to the younger citizens to consider well their responsibilities as a part of the electorate of the greatest republic under the sun and said that today there is no such thing as a phenominal American. True democrats are Americans, pure and simple. If they consider this important question in its true light, and what is now at stake, young and old, descendants of all races and nationalities will do their duty as good American citizens by re-electing Gov. Walsh.

Prior to the arrival of Major Walsh, John J. Hogan addressed the gathering. He pointed out that the democratic party is endeavoring to give all a share of the same opportunity which would enable them to obtain the same advantages regardless of the station in life. He referred to the university extension bill by which the children of the working classes are to be greatly benefited, and he eulogized the governor for his successful efforts in behalf of these measures.

Major Walsh was the concluding speaker and as in Dracut he aroused the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch.

## FRANCE DECLARES WAR

### STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIED OF FRENCH DECLARATION OF WAR ON BULGARIA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Ambassador Sharp at Paris, cabled the state department today official word of the French declaration of war on Bulgaria. The despatch made no mention of who would represent the French interests in Bulgaria. The United States is acting for Great Britain.

#### MASS. POLICE ASSOCIATION

Their Convention Will Open at Haverhill Tomorrow.—The Lowell Delegation

When the annual convention of the Massachusetts Police Association convenes in Haverhill tomorrow a good delegation of members of the local department will be present. Tomorrow sessions will continue throughout the day and Thursday will be enjoyed sight-seeing and the election of officers will close the convention. The delegates to go from this city are John E. Conway, Edward E. Hill, Bartlemeau Ryan, Alfred Cooney, Patrick Sullivan and Edward Flanagan, past president of the association.

**GERMAN STEAMERS TORPEDOED**

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Oct. 19, via London, 3:22 p. m.—The German steamers *Pernambuco* of 4785 tons, and the *Sociedad de 1439 tons*, were torpedoed during last night by a British submarine off Oxelosund, along the Baltic coast of Sweden.

The *Pernambuco* sank. The *Sociedad* was kept afloat by her cargo of wood. Both vessels were bound for Germany. The *Pernambuco* carried a cargo of iron ore.

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY OCTOBER 19 1915

## TRY TO STOP WEDDING FEW MEN OUT OF WORK

### RELATIVES INTERFERE WITH PLANS FOR MARRIAGE OF CYRUS GREENLY, 87 AND MRS. ROGERS, 49

LEWISTON, Me., Oct. 19.—Cyrus Greenly, 87 years old, and one of the wealthiest men in this city, is not going to marry Mrs. June Frost Rogers, 49, a nurse, if Mr. Greenly's relatives can prevent the match.

Mr. Greenly is most anxious for the wedding; so is Mrs. Rogers, but relatives of the aged man have sought the aid of the courts to stop it and yesterday a petition was filed asking that a guardian be appointed to look after Mr. Greenly's interests.

The petition declared that Mr. Greenly is of unsound mind, old and infirm and not competent to manage his own affairs. It is returnable in the court in Auburn, Nov. 2, next.

#### LAUNDRY ABLAZE

**Fire in East Boston Causes Loss Estimated at \$5500—Workers in Building Flew From Flames**

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—All the apparatus in East Boston was called out yesterday for a fire in the wet wash laundry of Lewis L. McIntire, 24 New street. When the flames arrived flames and smoke were bursting from the windows and roof of the two-story brick structure.

Nine men were in the building when the fire was discovered and all escaped without injury. The weekly wash of many families was destroyed. The loss is estimated at about \$4500.

The Simon Box company, next to the laundry, suffered a loss of about \$1000 from water damage.

#### WEATHER PREDICTIONS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Weather predictions for the North Atlantic states for the week beginning tomorrow issued by the weather bureau today are: Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday followed by rain Friday or Saturday and by fair weather during latter part of the week. Temperatures moderate.

#### KING'S SON INJURED

ATHENS, Oct. 19, via London, 10:58 a. m.—Prince Alexander, second son of King Constantine, has been injured severely by a fall from his horse. While riding to battery maneuvers the prince, who is 22 years of age, was thrown and fractured a leg. Queen Sophia and Crown Prince George brought Prince Alexander to Athens in an ambulance.

#### REVIVAL OF DRAMA

PARIS, Oct. 19.—The French campaign against alcohol has reached the stage in the form of revival of Emile Zola's powerfully realistic drama, the "Assommoir," at the Odeon. Between the acts, after the wash house scene, the washerwomen in their short skirts, white stockings and with sleeves rolled up for business circulate through the audience soliciting contributions for the war relief funds. This revival has been one of the most successful theatrical productions during the war.

#### LOWELL MEN TO ATTEND

A regular meeting of the members of the Franco-American Historical Society of Massachusetts will be held at the Boston City club this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWolfe, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard university staff, who will take for his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rep. Leon Laroche, O.M.I. J. H. Gullett, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., P. Turcotte, Paul Vigeant, R. E. Jodoin, Leonce Fortin and others.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Thurs.

#### GREECE WATCHING OPERATIONS

PARIS, Oct. 19, 10:25 a. m.—A Havaianas despatch from Athens dated Monday quotes the government newspaper *Neos Asty* as saying that the Greek government is following with the greatest interest the development of military operations on the Serbo-Bulgarian frontier in proximity to Greek territory. The recent council of Greek ministers adopted measures to be taken in the event that these operations bring the Bulgarians into Greece, an eventuality which the government says, the government will not tolerate.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, souring of foot, gas, and pericarditis of the stomach, acid stomach). A teaspoonful in a fourth of a glass of hot water usually gives instant relief. Take Dr. Liggett's Pharmacy and by all druggists in either powder or tablet form at 50 cents per bottle.

#### LAWYERS TO DEFEND

DIST. ATTY CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars, that they were self-supporting.

The supreme court of Massachusetts, in an opinion two years ago, held that in order to vote a person must show that he is self-supporting and that he had resided in the city or town on the preceding May 1.

Several university officials also were summoned.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59.

He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass.

Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59.

He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass.

Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59.

He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass.

Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59.

He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass.

Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

#### CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59.

He had taught in Rochester high, Newton

Fair tonight and Wednesday; moderate south-east winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL TALKED ON PLUMBING

Controversy Over Old Pipes in Memorial Building — Difference Between a Test and Inspection

The municipal council held quite a bazaar meeting today. The pep did not show, however, until the matter of testing the soil pipes at the Memorial building came up and then there was something doing, the mayor and Thomas F. Costello, the man who has the plumbing contract, exchanging courtesies. The most important item of business connected with the meeting had to do with the high school, the council instructing the city solicitor to notify the occupants of buildings in Anne and Kirk streets that they would have to vacate on or before Jan. 1, 1916. There was also a communication from the Geneva club, advising the council that the club would not accept the \$17,150 offered by the city and that the club intended to invoke the remedies provided by law.

The city engineer submitted a plan having to do with the proposed seizure of all the land between Malden lane and the First Congregational church in connection with the extension of Dummer street, giving the assessed valuation of the land and the estimated cost of razing the buildings, grading, etc., as \$70,000.

Mayor Murphy called to order at 11:45 with all members present and the first business had to do with pole locations and wire attachments.

Peter H. Monahan objected to the location of poles in Walnut street. He said the sidewalks are narrow there; that about all of the property owners object to poles and he thought it would be an easy matter to put the wires underground. The mayor read a letter of protest along the same lines as Mr. Monahan. The letter bore a number of signatures and the mayor said it seemed to him as if everybody on the street was opposed to the poles as petitioned for by the N. E. T. & T. Co. All of the remonstrants favored underground wires. The matter was referred to Commissioners Morse and Putnam.

The N. E. T. & T. Co. and the Lowell Electric Light Corp. asked for joint locations in Riverside street and the matter was properly referred.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp. asked for six pole locations in Bellevue street and the petition was allowed to lay on the table for future reference.

Several petitions for sidewalks and street improvements were properly referred.

The petitions of Ernest G. Livingston and Frank Jewett for garage and gasoline licenses were referred to Commissioners Carmichael and Fire Chief Saunders.

Several orders for pole locations were adopted, hearings having been held on the petitions at a previous meeting.

The petition of the Lowell Electric Light corporation for pole locations in Broadway between Wilder and Rolfe streets was referred to the proper committee.

An order allowing the Postal Cable company to lay conduits in Lawrence street was adopted.

**Jurors Drawn**

The following traverse jurors, 20 in all, were drawn by Commissioner Morse, to serve at the criminal session of the superior court in this city, Wednesday, Nov. 3:

John J. O'Brien, 124 High street, slater; Oswald J. Perstrand, 242 Hale street, provisions; Michael J. Garvey, 203 Broadway, bartender; Allan C. Eveleth, 291 Thorndike street, clerk; John J. Dawson, 533 Middlesex street, manager; Hector Monette, 198 Cumberland road, teamster; Charles J. Davignon, 763 Merrimack street, stonecutter; Edward Goodson, 151 Summer street, clerk; John J. Jackson, 120 Gates street, clerk; George T. Holden, 15 Mt. Grove street, machinist; Edward T. Cushing, 20 Chelmsford st., hotel; William A. Dow, 149 B street, druggist; Frank Cayer, 547 Moody st., clerk; Daniel Doran, 173 School street, assistant superintendent; John J. Winn, 29 South Whipple street, matress maker; Murdock McElroy, 15 Olney street, marketman; John J. Broughton, 146 Chelmsford street, laborer; George J. Campbell, 845 Moody street, dealer; George H. Taylor, 22 Twelfth street, manager; George L. Ashworth, 110 Westford street, clerk.

**High Fare Issue**

The major read a letter from the public service commission addressed to City Clerk Flynn, advising the latter of the commission's receipt of the vote taken by the municipal council relative to an investigation in Lowell and vicinity as to the necessity of the street railway company adopting a six-cent fare. The communication was received and placed on file.

**BOY DRANK POISON**

Continued on Page 4

**THREE YEAR OLD CHILD DRANK OIL OF VITRIOL FROM BOTTLE FOUND IN YARD—HE DIED TODAY**

Little Leo Laferriere, aged 2 years, 10 months and four days, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Laferriere, of 217 Salem street died this morning at his home as a result of drinking the contents of a bottle containing oil of vitriol.

The sad accident happened yesterday afternoon while the little fellow was playing in the yard of his home with a four year old brother. The two little boys had been romping around together but a few minutes when the bottle containing the poison was found and Leo drained the entire contents. His cries soon attracted the attention of neighbors and he was removed to his home in great pain. Dr. Rodriguez Mignault was called but despite his efforts the child passed away at 10 o'clock this morning.

Francis Bushman is the star in "Graustark."

**TOM TAGGART ACQUITTED**

**CHARGE OF ELECTION CONSPIRACY AGAINST NATIONAL COMMITTEE-MAN DISMISSED**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 19.—The case against Thomas Taggart, democratic national committeeman for Indiana, charged with election conspiracy, was dismissed by Special Judge W. H. Kickham in criminal court today, on motion of Prosecutor A. J. Rucker.

The cases of the more than one hundred other men who were indicted with Taggart and Mayor Joseph E. Bell were put over to December 1.

Mayor Bell was acquitted by a jury last Wednesday, after a trial lasting more than five weeks.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Merrimack Clothing Co. will change its opening night from Monday to Friday beginning Nov. 6.

Store will be closed Monday night Oct. 29th and open Friday night, Oct. 30th.

**MERRIMACK CLOTHING CO.**

Across From City Hall

## BASEBALL

Baseball must be great and worthy when the president of the United States in war times attends the world's series.

A merchant would say of baseball, it's "all wood and a yard wide"—It is a game of exactness—it is a game of cool brain and steady eye—it is a game with a punch. Let's have more of the muscles of energy and eagerness of baseball in business. More in the city's civic work—More in making homes—it cannot but be good for the American people to throw themselves so thoroughly into everything they do that will be sure to win the championship.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Merrimack Clothing Co. will change its opening night from Monday to Friday beginning Nov. 6.

Store will be closed Monday night Oct. 29th and open Friday night, Oct. 30th.

**MERRIMACK CLOTHING CO.**

Across From City Hall

**FARRELL & CONONAT**

PLUMBERS, STEAM, GAS AND

WATER FITTERS

243 Dutton Street Tel. 1518

**Chalifoux's**

## MOTION TO DISMISS INDICTMENTS DENIED

Federal Judge Hunt Turns Down Motion of Eleven New Haven Defendants—Atty. Batts Says Directors Ignored Mellen's Advice to Sell Steamship Lines

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—How the directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., after having been advised by its president, Charles S. Mellen, that President Roosevelt refused to commit himself on the question as to whether they were violating the law in acquiring steamship lines, declined to accept Mellen's advice to sell their lines to Charles W. Morse, was told today by R. L. Batts, the federal attorney, in continuing his address to the jury at the trial of the 11 directors or former directors charged with violating the Sherman law.

The mayor had said the pipes had been tested by inspectors, Garfield and Conners of the board of health, and Mr. Costello took exception to the mayor's statement and declared very positively that the test had not been made; that neither of the gentlemen had made the test. They had examined the pipes but did not test them.

There is a wide difference in examining and testing," said Mr. Costello. He said a hydraulic test would be the only proper test and the hydraulic test has not been made.

"The mayor," said Mr. Costello, "went the wrong way about it. He should have consulted a plumber instead of sending inspectors on the job." Relative to the \$500," said Mr. Costello, "I told Mr. Putnam when he asked me how much it would cost that it would be impossible to tell. I also advised him that the right way to go about it would be by day labor. When a bid was insisted on I bid \$600 in order to protect myself. The \$500 included fixtures. The poor of Lowell have to pay to have their soil pipes tested when new work is being done and there isn't any reason why the city ought not to have such tests made.

"I also believe in fair treatment and proper adjustment. Since I have been here an order has gone through allowing Mr. Connor, the man who has the brick contract on the Memorial building, the sum of \$500 for certain extra work on that building. Why the difference?"

"Mr. Putnam has told you that he does not believe that other plumbers would bid on the testing job, and that is so. When he called for bids he received but two, Mr. Welch's bid and my own. We seldom hear of lawyers suing lawyers and I want you to understand that there is some ethics with plumbers."

"You made the statement," said the mayor, "that Librarian Chase told you there were sewer gases in the library

**Motion Denied**

Federal Judge Hunt today denied a

motion made last week by the eleven defendants to dismiss the indictments on the ground that they did not show sufficient evidence of conspiracy. Judge Hunt informed the attorneys for the defendants that they had the right to renew the motion at any future time.

Federal Attorney Batts concluded his address to the jury this afternoon and the case was adjourned until tomorrow.

**Afternoon Session**

At the afternoon session, Mr. Batts told of the creation of the Boston Railroad Holding Co. by the Massachusetts legislature through which the New Haven was authorized to acquire control of the Boston & Maine.

He said the government would show the political activities of the New Haven in connection with the creation of this company and how after it was accomplished, a former governor of Massachusetts demanded of the New Haven the right to name the president of the Boston & Maine. This the New Haven refused to grant, choosing Chas. S. Mellen, said the attorney.

Mr. Batts further recited how Edward D. Robbins, the general counsel of the New Haven, went to Washington at a time when the federal government had been contemplating prosecution of the road and satisfied the department of justice that the legislative acts contemplated in Massachusetts would "prevent the evil consequences that otherwise would have followed from the New Haven's unlawful deeds."

The federal attorney next went into the alleged efforts of the New Haven to shut out the extension of the lines

of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada from New England. The Grand Trunk proposed to construct lines from Palmer, Mass., and Worcester, Mass., to Providence, with steamship connections to New York.

"The jury will be called upon to determine," said the attorney, "whether the abandonment of the construction of these lines and of the building of the proposed steamboats was the result of an agreement undertaken by the president of the New Haven with the concurrence of the directors, with the Grand Trunk authorities.

As Mr. Morgan said, in a much earlier stage of the negotiations, there never could be peace between the New Haven and the Grand Trunk until the Grand Trunk agreed to do what it had once contracted to do."

**MORNING SESSION**

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert L. Batts, attorney for the government in the trial of William Rockefeller and his ten co-defendants, charged with violating the Sherman law as director of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, resumed today his uncompleted address to the jury.

Mr. Batts planned to take up more in detail the story of the alleged monopolistic growth of the New Haven, the high spots of which he outlined yesterday. He made use again, to illustrate his remarks, of maps of the New Haven system at various stages of its expansion.

**Laws in Connecticut and R. I.**

Taking up the acquisition of lines in eastern Connecticut, Mr. Batts charged

Continued to page nine

## BULGARIANS CAPTURE VRANYA IN SERBIA

Obrénovatz Captured by Austrians—Two German Ships Sunk—Italy Declares War on Bulgaria

Bulgarian troops have captured the Serbian town of Vranya, on the Nish-Saloniki railroad line. It was announced by German army headquarters today.

Cutting off this line means the checking of the advance of allied reinforcements for the Serbians from Saloniki. Vranya is about 60 miles south of Nish.

**Affairs Send Note to Greece**

The entente powers have informed Greece, in a friendly note, that they intend sending large reinforcements to the Balkan front, it is stated in Athens' news advices.

**Italy at War With Bulgaria**

Italy has been added to the list of powers that have declared war on Bulgaria. A formal declaration by Italy is believed to be imminent.

**Von Mackensen Needs Troops**

Field Marshal von Mackensen, commanding the Teutonic forces invading Serbia, is reported in a Nish despatch to have notified the military authorities that he could not accomplish his task unless he received heavy reinforcements immediately.

**Germany Attacks French Lines**

The Germans have again been attacking the French lines northeast of Souchez. Three determined assaults last night with hand grenades were repulsed, the Paris war office reports.

**Captured By British**

Captured by a British submarine of the Swedish steamer Niké, carrying ore from Sweden to Stettin, Germany. It was taken from the Swedish port of Rosval.

**Continued to Page 4**

## TEAM THROUGH BRIDGE LAID AT REST AGAIN THE FLOORING OF PAW-TUCKET BRIDGE GIVES WAY UNDER A COAL TEAM

The Pawtucket bridge comes up for discussion once more. Shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon the old structure crumpled under the weight of one of E. A. Wilson's coal teams, and a rear wheel went through the planking, tearing quite a long hole. Street car traffic was tied up for more than an hour, for the wheel went through the planking in the middle of the car tracks on the School street side of the bridge. The usual preliminaries ensued such as telephoning to the office of the superintendent of streets and to the Bay State Street Railway office, and then a jack was procured and the wheel raised.

At the late home of the deceased at 19 Whittemore avenue, prayers were offered by Rev. Raymond G. Clapp, with only the immediate relatives present. The cortège then proceeded to the First Trinitarian Congregational church which was filled with friends of deceased and delegations from fraternal organizations and other bodies with which he was connected. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Clapp and Rev. N. T. Whittaker, a former Lowell pastor. Mr. Walter Coburn was the organist.

The bearers were: William Badger, Clarence W. Hoyt, Dr. Currier, Geo. H. Taylor, George King and David Dickson.

Kilunning Lodge, A. F. of A. was represented by Dr. W. B. Jackson, Arthur J. Murkland, Charles E. Bartlett and Donald M. Cameron. There were also present delegations from Pilgrim Commandery and Mt. Horeb Royal Arch chapter.

The delegates from S. H. Bines included A. D. Bumpus, A. E. Joy, R. J. Fullerton and C. A. Hostington. Delegates from several other organizations also attended the services at the church. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Simmonds & Brown.

**WOMEN EJECTED FROM BOOTHES**

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 19.—An ideal autumn day throughout the state brought voters to the polls in unexpected numbers today to cast their ballots on the proposed constitutional amendment to give the women the vote.

Up to 1 o'clock the election had been orderly and with only isolated instances of alleged irregularities.

In this city some of the women watchers at the polls reported that they had been ejected from the polling places, but this apparently was due to lack of proper credentials.

Leaders both for and against the amendment were claiming the victory early this afternoon.

The count will begin in cities of more than 3000 inhabitants, at 9 o'clock tonight. In communities of less than 3000 inhabitants the polls will close and count begin at 7 o'clock. The earliest returns were not expected before 8 o'clock.

**UNITED TEXTILE WORKERS**

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The reading of reports and appointing of standing committees occupied the short session today of the United Textile Workers of America convention. Several additional delegates arrived today and the real work of the convention will begin tomorrow. The delegates voted today to make the convention open to the press.

**SELLS SEAT FOR \$72,000**

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—The sale of a seat on the New York stock exchange for \$72,000 was announced today. The price is \$2000 higher than the last sale a few days ago, and is several thousand dollars higher than a number of sales between four and six months ago.

"Graustark," the greatest film ever produced.

**GET THE VOTE**

Seek

# CARSON QUILTS CABINET

Said to Disagree With Other Ministers on Conduct of War—Redmond Says Crisis is at Hand

LONDON, Oct. 19.—Sir Edward Carson, attorney general, has resigned from the British cabinet.

The resignation, the first open manifestation of the divergence of views known to exist among the ministers, is the result, according to an authoritative statement, not of the controversy over conscription, but of the condition of affairs in the near east.

Sir Edward himself, so far, has made no personal explanation of his reasons for resigning; but it is understood that he disapproves of the policy which is being followed in the Balkans and of the method of confining the whole national policy to a small "inner cabinet." It is expected that there will be exciting debates in the house of commons this week, as severe attacks on the government are planned by members of the house in connection with the general military policy, especially in the near east.

Sir Edward Carson, prior to the outbreak of the war, was the leader of the movement against home rule for Ireland, which for a time threatened civil war in Ulster. At that time he was the conservatively member of parliament for Dublin university and gained great popularity for his speeches attacking the government and the sympathizers of home rule and threatening, in case the King signed the home rule bill, to aid in setting up a provisional government in Ulster.

He was the first to sign the covenant of resistance to home rule and led the Ulsterites in the formation of the Ulster volunteers.

He went to Germany and was dined by the Kaiser while ostensibly planning a rebellion in Ireland. It is alleged also that the arms he imported for his volunteers were of German make.

With the present coalition government was formed last May Sir Edward was given the portfolio of attorney general. Some of the English newspapers expressed the view that this appointment was a mistake, in view of his previous antagonism to the government.

The most notable cases with which Sir Edward has had to deal since his incumbency of the attorney generalship were the board of trade's inquiry into the sinking of the Lusitania and the proceedings before the prize court for the condemnation of American meat cargoes which had been seized by

## THE GREATEST CATARRH DOCTOR IN THE WORLD

Medicated Air Kills the Germs of This Dangerous Disease

Catarrh is a disease caused by a certain Germ. The sore, inflamed membranes, the blowing, hawking, spitting, choking and other disagreeable symptoms, brought about by these germs which have found lodgment in your nose and throat.

There is a preparation called Hyomei made from pure oil of Eucalyptus combined with powerful germ destroying ingredients which does successfully treat and cure Catarrh to a certainty by destroying the germs causing it. You neither snuff it up your nose nor do you swallow it. You just breathe this medicated air through a little hard rubber inhaler which druggists furnish with it.

The penetrative power of Hyomei makes it kill the germs of Catarrh in every nook and crevice of your nose, throat and lungs, where ointments, lotions, stomach medicine, etc., cannot possibly reach. You breathe great drafts of it far up in your nose, throat and lungs. Its air soothes and heals the inflamed passages, stops the many nervous discharges, promptly achieves the studied effect and makes breathing easy. And it does more. Its powerful penetrating air is positive, certain death to the catarrh germs themselves. It seeks them out wherever they are hiding and breeding in your system and destroys them utterly. When you have destroyed the germs, you have destroyed the cause of Catarrh and the disease leaves you. A complete Hyomei outfit includes both a bottle of the Hyomei liquid and the rubber inhaler through which you breathe it. Be sure to ask the druggist from whom you buy, for both as the Hyomei is quite necessary, it is packed right in the box with the liquid. All druggists in this vicinity sell the Hyomei outfit this way on a positive guarantee of successful use or your money back. Hyomei is without doubt the greatest Catarrh doctor in the world.

**J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.**  
COR. MERRIMACK & CENTRAL ST.  
ESTABLISHED 1875

EVERYBODY INVITED TO THE

## GRAND CONCERT

To Be Held on Our Second Floor  
Wednesday, Oct. 20, 2.30 to 4.30 P. M.

**EDISON DIAMOND DISC**

Some of Edison's favorite selections will be played on his Diamond Disc T. V. Machine. This, Mr. Edison thinks, is his greatest invention and believes it will revolutionize the motion picture. A demonstration is being made at the Panama Exposition to show how the machine can produce German Auto machines and records can produce. No needles to change. EVERYBODY WELCOMED.

COME AND HEAR ONE OF THE GREATEST INVENTIONS OF THE AGE. STORE CLOSES THURSDAY AT 12 NOON DURING OCT., CLERKS' HALF HOLIDAY.

## ANURIC!

### The Newest Discovery in Chemistry

This is a recent discovery of Doctor Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Dr. Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that there is no other eliminator of uric acid that can be compared to it. For these easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—an headache, scalding urine and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anuric" acts. The best of results are always obtained in cases of acute rheumatism in the joints, in gout and gout, and invariably the pains and stiffness which so frequently and persistently accompany the disease rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and

the British government on the ground that they were destined for Germany.

Recently there has been much talk in London of Sir Edward being at odds with other members of the ministry over conscription, the Balkan situation and the Dardanelles expedition. The attorney general did not attend the cabinet meetings recently.

PLOT, SAYS REDMOND

**Irish Leader Says Coalition Government Is Threatened by Men Ready to Sacrifice National Unity**

DUBLIN, Oct. 19.—Presiding at the nationalist convention yesterday John E. Redmond said that a grave political crisis might arise any day. The position of the coalition government, he declared, is precarious. It is threatened by internal and external dangers. A conspiracy existed among men ready to sacrifice national unity in the face of the enemy to further their own predilections and theories.

It is common talk, said the Irish leader, that a general election is possible, but Ireland could boast that she is not responsible for these dangers.

### CAUSE OF DIFFERENCES

**Conscription Issue and the Near East Question Causes Break in British Cabinet**

LONDON, Oct. 19, 11.35 a. m.—Great Britain is waiting anxiously to learn whether the cabinet ministers will be able to compose their differences and continue the government without swapping horses in mid-stream. The military difficulties which confront the allies have taken a position of secondary importance for the time being.

The cabinet had been holding long and frequent meetings since the Balkan crisis developed. Both newspapers and politicians agreed that vital differences of opinion have arisen over the conscription issue and the near east question. In the meantime party newspapers are carrying on a bitter debate and exchanging accusations of lack of patriotism and of placing party and private interests above those of the country.

The resignation of Sir Edward Carson, attorney general, was the first proof of differences in the cabinet. The reason assigned for his withdrawal is disagreement with the cabinet's policy in regard to the near east, but the specific point of division is withheld, as in the case of the retirement of Foreign Minister Del Casse of France, in whose footsteps Sir Edward appears to follow.

The cabinet and the country as a whole would regard a general election on party lines as a calamity. If such a contest was fought on the question of conscription it might be expected to foment great bitterness and class dissension.

The anti-conscriptionist newspapers are demanding that a fair trial be given to the plan of voluntary enlistment under the direction of the Earl of Derby before there is any further talk of a change.

Much discussion is heard of the injection of fresh and younger blood into the cabinet. Only a few weeks ago David Lloyd George had a large following but the anti-conscriptionists, virtually all of whom are in his own party, now seem to be lukewarm toward him.

One complaint from the newspapers is that a cabinet of 22 members is too cumbersome a body to manage the affairs of the government. On the other hand, there is said to be dissatisfaction in the cabinet that the conduct of the war is given over to a small committee.

The recall of Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton from the Dardanelles and the succession to command of a younger leader, Gen. Sir Charles Munro, may be significant of a policy of bringing in new blood. Most of the general's holdings high commands are more than 50 years old and there has been complaint that the army is clinging to the old school policy of promotion by seniority alone.

The campaign in Lowell quarter of a century ago was far different from the state-candidate of today. Big state parties were held in Huntington hall while the different ward democratic clubs held rallies and there was far more enthusiasm on both sides than is manifest today. This is due in a

simple ask for a 50-cent package of "Anuric" manufactured by Dr. Pierce, or even write Dr. Pierce for a free sample. If you suspect kidney or bladder trouble, send him a sample of your water and describe the symptoms. Dr. Pierce's chemist will examine it, then Dr. Pierce will report to you without fee or charge.

NOTE.—"Anuric" is thirty-seven times more active than lithia in eliminating uric acid, and is a harmless but reliable chemical compound that may be safely given to children, but should be used only by grown-ups who actually wish to restore their kidneys to perfect health, by conscientiously using one box—or more in extreme cases—as "Anuric" (thanks to Doctor Pierce's achievement) is by far the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector obtainable.—Advertisement.

to be abandoned. The other is that in this quarter—and we hope in all other quarters—the war is going to be prosecuted with new vigor and purpose."

### KILLED BY TIP CART

DOVER, Oct. 19.—Thomas Clarke, driver of a two-ton tip cart, employed in the construction of a new road in this town, was crushed to death early yesterday when the cart, from which he was unloading gravel, suddenly backed and the rear wheels passed over his body.

Clarke, who was 22 years of age, had been here but a short time, and boarded with Mrs. Michael Grannan of this place. It is believed that he came from Boston. Chief of Police Charles Dickens of Dover will make a search for the dead man's relatives.

### BRIEFING CAPTURE STEAMER

GÖTEBORG, Sweden, Oct. 19, via London 12.65 p. m.—The Nordiska Posten states that the Swedish legation at Petrograd has informed the foreign office at Stockholm that the Swedish steamer Nixe has been captured by a British submarine. The Nixe was on her way from a Swedish port for Stettin, Germany, with a cargo of ore. She was taken by the submarine to the Russian port of Revel.

"SPEECHLESS" BANQUET

### SAN FRANCISCO TELEGRAPHERS HONOR THOMAS A. EDISON—ADDRESSES BY WIRE

SAN FRANCISCO, October 19.—A "speechless" banquet with the customary addresses, arranged by San Francisco telegraphers in honor of Thomas A. Edison, telegraph operator, is to be held at the San Francisco club tonight. At each speaker's place a telephone key with miniature poles to carry the wires around the table has been arranged. The addresses of welcome are to be ticked off to Mr. Edison, who is expected to respond in dots and dashes.

The menu was written in "Morse." A brilliant electrical illumination of the city tonight was a part of the program adopted by city officials in honor of Mr. Edison's visit. A feature of the illumination will be flashing of electrical messages of welcome,

### FRESHMEN AT TEXTILE

#### THEY HAZED SEVERAL SOPHOMORES DOWN TOWN LAST NIGHT—WATCHED BY BIG CROWD

The freshman of the Lowell Textile school got busy last evening and put it all over the sophomores of the school and indeed it was a surprise, for as a rule the sophomores are always in the lead. Several freshmen gathered at Merrimack square and the first sophomore to fall into their clutches was Merrill Morris, who was put through all the antics that his captors could think of, much to the delight of the crowd of 200 or more, who watched the proceedings with evident relish.

Later on the freshmen went up Merrimack street, and when near city hall they captured Berry, the husky football halfback, and forced him to auction off city hall, but Berry made his escape before the deed was passed over to the highest bidder. The fun was kept up until a seasonable hour at the expense of the sophomores, but it is expected that the latter will soon have their day.

### RESCUEUR LIFE FORFEITED

#### Capt. Brunn Dies of Exhaustion in Alaska—For Five Days on Bridge Saving Marquis Passengers

SEATTLE, Oct. 19.—Capt. Simon B. Brun, of the steamship Alaska, who was on his bridge continually for five consecutive days while rescuing the passengers of the wrecked steamer Marquis recently, died of exhaustion at a hospital at Ketchikan, Alaska. News of his death was received yesterday. He rescued 70 persons.

### SERBIANS FIGHT FOR VIDIN

MILAN, via Paris, Oct. 19, 12.45 a. m.—The correspondent of the Secolo at Bucharest telegraphs that the Serbians are striving to occupy Vidin, to prevent the Germans from establishing communication with the Bulgarians by the Lom-Palanka route. The Serbian army is seeking to envelop the Bulgarian troops operating in the direction of the Tisza river.

### A QUARTER CENTURY AGO

The year 1890 will ever be recalled by the old timers as one of the greatest years in history for this grand old commonwealth they achieved something that previously had been thought beyond the range of possibility, the election of a democratic governor. But they did something else also thought to be impossible, for they elected Hon. Moses T. Stevins of Andover, a democrat, to congress over Hon. Frederic T. Greenhalge in the old eighth congressional district and they never voted a democrat into Congress since. Russell was reelected by 524 and Stevens by 503. Gov. Russell was known as the "boy governor" and became a popular statesman from Maine to California. In the same year also, Hon. John E. Drury, former alderman and "patron saint" of the famous Penny Lane Boat, Life-Saving and Political club came in with the greatest democratic victory of the war and was received with a tremendous crowd for Huntington hall was strong on capacity, Col. James H. Carrington called to order, as he was chairman of the democratic city committee of that day. And that reminds me the colonel will soon observe the 25th anniversary of his title for it was the same Gov. Russell who made him a member of his official military family with the rank of colonel, not quite, but almost 25 years ago. He had to be elected governor first before he could bestow the honor on the popular chairman of the Lowell democratic city committee, and this took place on the eve of his election. Col. A. H. Haggard, Lowell's democratic postmaster was the vice-president and there were about 40 of the faithful on the platform as guards of honor for Hon. William E. Russell and Hon. John W. Corcoran, who was Russell's running mate at the head of the ticket. In those days the postmaster-general wasn't so busy about postmasters misusing in politics, and Col. Haggard mingled both white and black in the old days, but after 1912 he was but a wise man who knew enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from a warm country, they disregard parasols and lawn chairs, while the latter day residents of the locality live by the rule that it's a wise man who knows enough to go in out of the wet and hence, have comparatively little use for umbrellas. Coming from

# 1200 GREET GOV. WALSH

Cites B.&M. Case—Fought 'Riders' by Veto—Calls Presence in Bills Due to 'Invisible Government'

BROCKTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. David J. Walsh was tendered a flattering ovation when he appeared in Clarke hall last night by the 1200 voters assembled.

The governor spoke for an hour and at the conclusion he was approached by John Clapp of 920 North Main street, a great-great-grandnephew of General Warren of Bunker Hill fame, and assured that when he cast his gubernatorial vote it would be for David J. Walsh.

Chairman Edward P. Neasey of the democratic city committee presided. In the audience were a number of prominent republicans.

The governor began his night's campaigning at town hall, Milton, where James S. Gallagher, chairman of the democratic town committee, presided. Gov. Walsh was met by Congressman Richard Olney 2d, who followed him throughout the district.

The second meeting was in Alpha hall, Quincy, where Edward J. Parker presided at the meeting, which was attended by 500. Prof. Edwin A. Grosvenor, democratic candidate for secretary of state, was speaking when the governor arrived.

The final meeting of the night was held in Stetson hall, Randolph, an audience of 400, including many women, awaiting the arrival of the governor. Chairman Frank M. Condon of the town committee was chairman.

Hon. Edward P. Barry, candidate for lieutenant governor; Prof. Grosvenor; Jacob C. Morse, candidate for state auditor, and Joseph J. Donahue, candidate for attorney-general, followed in the wake of Governor Walsh at the various meetings.

**Gov. Walsh's Speech**  
Gov. Walsh said, in part:

## BIG SALE

### Mystery Bundles

AT  
Dickson's Tea Store  
THIS WEEK

Mystery Bundles, worth while, containing hundreds of useful household articles such as glassware, agateware, tinware, china and groceries.

Buy a pound of our New Crop Tea, any flavor, any price, and get a free bundle.

You have the opportunity of picking out your own bundle, so come and have your choice with that next pound of Tea or Coffee.

Telephone Free Delivery



68 MERRIMACK ST.

## Stylish SUITS AND COATS

Being received by the hundreds to celebrate our Anniversary Sale. To our customers who have so generously encouraged us, commencing Thursday, we will offer you the most up-to-date merchandise at reductions of 25% to 33 1/3%.

THREE DAYS ONLY COMMENCING  
THURSDAY

Reels of Suits, \$12.75, \$15.75, \$18.75, \$22.50

THE EXCELLENCE OF STOCKS IS CROWDING OUR STORES

Reels of Coats, \$6.95, \$8.75, \$10, \$12.50, \$15

THERE WILL BE BARGAINS ALL OVER THE STORE. PLAN TO COME. SMILING  
SALES LADIES WILL BE PLEASED TO ATTEND YOU.

CHERRY & WEBB  
NEW YORK  
CLOAK STORE

12-18 JOHN STREET

THIS WILL BE A  
BANNER SALE

12-18 JOHN STREET

## BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr.  
Edwards' Olive Tablets are  
a Harmless Substitute

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the substitute for calomel—offer no danger to life, and their effect on the body is painless. They are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat her and travel continents with a remedy, efforts to manufacture brought out these little tablets.

The little tablets do the good of calomel, but have no bad after effects. They don't induce the tooth or strong feelings of colic. They take but of the medicine and quickly enter the body, cure the liver at the expense of this teeth. Calomel sometimes plays havoc with the bowels, so do strong purgatives.

Most physicians, "doctors," and dentists are turning from calomel and other "red liver." Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "sour" and "heavy." Note how they "open" the spleen, bowels and how they "peel off" the splits. At 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.

were offered.

"Is not this one more of the many proofs of the power of the 'invisible government' to substitute their wishes for the people's will and render unavailing the attempts of the publicly organized representatives of the people to protect their interest?"

"Is not this example herein set forth with other illustrations of the power of 'invisible government' cited by me in this campaign sufficient to prove beyond question that 'invisible government' is a crime against our free institutions and deserves the condemnation of every man who throws a ballot, because it nullifies his influence and deceives the voters by substituting the shadow for the substance of free government?"

### INVITED TO SPEAK

Five Episcopal Bishops Ask Congregational Clergymen to Occupy Pullards

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 19.—In connection with the session of the national council of the Congregational churches which will open tomorrow the rectors of five Protestant Episcopal churches in this city have invited Congregational clergymen to preach from their pulpits next Sunday. The invitations have been formally sanctioned by the Rt. Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster, bishop of the diocese. Available church records do not show that such invitations ever before were extended in the legislature, for the first time they were brought to light and incorporated in these bills.

"Where did those so-called 'riders' come from? No body of public-spirited citizens or officials of the community outside of the legislature suggested them. Their presence in these bills can only be explained by that influence which is now recognized as the 'invisible government.'

"In a measure which stated my position unmistakably, I voted the two railroad bills containing these objectionable clauses and pointed out the injurious results that were certain to follow the adoption of such legislation and I insisted upon the legislature approving the plan of reorganization prepared by the public authorities without these objectionable features.

### INVISIBLE GOVERNMENT AT WORK

"This act of my 'velveting' these bills called for public condemnation from the Boston chamber of commerce and was almost universally approved by the press of the state.

"As is now generally known, the legislature, after some hesitation, bowed to the public demand in the closing hours of the session and adopted the proviso recommended by the governor and the public service commission free from indefensible 'riders.'

"What is the explanation for the incorporation of these clauses so antithetic to the public interest in this important legislation?

"What explanation can anyone offer to the people of Massachusetts for such action upon the part of the legislature in view of the fact that every public official interested in these bills, including before the legislative committee and indeed even the attorneys for the railroad companies, apparently approved of the bills as satisfactory before the objectionable amendments

got rid of bad breath, sour stomach, coated tongue, indigestion.

Get a 10-cent box now.

They're fine! Cascaretsiven your liver, clean your thirty feet of bowel and sweeten your stomach. You eat one or two, like candy, before going to bed and in the morning your head is clear, tongue is clean, stomach sweet, breath right and cold gone.

Get a box from your druggist and enjoy the sweetest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced.

Cascarets stop sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, bad breath and constipation.

Mother's should give a whole Cascaret to cross, bilious, sick, feverish children any time. They are harmless and never gripe or sicken.

# Cook, Taylor & Co.

231-233 CENTRAL STREET

The Laboring Man's Store for Big Values

# Big Overcoat Sale

FRIDAY MORNING, 9 O'CLOCK

## As Easy as Cutting a Finger Nail

"Why, mamma," said a little girl to her mother, "he didn't hurt me at all. It didn't hurt any more than cutting my finger nail." And this after EXTRACTING A TOOTH that had ached for months. By proper treatment the offending old tooth came out as easy as "CUTTING A FINGER NAIL." Come to our dental parlors and let us show you what MODERN dentistry means.

## DR. A. J. GAGNON

466 Merrimack Street, Opp. Tilden Street. 103 Merrimack Street, Next to Five Cent Savings Bank.

## INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

Building Laborers' union will meet by the Trades & Labor council Thursday night in the union rooms, 32 Middle street.

The labor forward committee will hold a very important session in Dr. Edwards' hall tonight.

Carpenters' union, local 49 is scheduled to hold an interesting meeting tonight in the Rumens building.

President James J. Donnelly will preside at the session to be held by Leather Workers' union tonight.

Organizer Ross Hall will make a final effort to iron out the machinists' troubles at the Lamson Co., today.

Organizer Ross Hall of the Machinists' union spoke to employees of the Saco-Lowell and Perkins shops yesterday.

President John Hanley of the Loomfixers' union is in New York attending the United Textile Workers' convention.

The Polish Weavers' union held its regular meeting Sunday afternoon and transacted considerable important business.

William Lane of the Mullaney Plumbings company, will play basketball this season with the C.Y.M.L. seconds.

A very important meeting of the building trades council will be held in the union quarters in Middle street next Sunday.

Business of much importance will come before the meeting to be held

by the Trades & Labor council Thursday evening.

A meeting of a committee appointed by local 138, Machinists' union, for the purpose of arranging for the bonding of officers was held last night.

A meeting of Loomfixers' union was held last night, at which a list of routine business was transacted. Organizer Morris of the Hatters' union addressed the members.

Lient. Paul Klutridge officiated as anchor man for the U. S. Cartridge Co.'s special police team in the match game with the coffee force last night. He hung up a three string total of 280.

Organizers from the American Federation of Labor have made repeated efforts to obtain an organization of textile workers in Nashua but so far they have been unable to gain a foothold, and the strikers insist on maintaining their own secret society.

The following are the newly elected officers of the U. S. Cartridge Workers' union: Peter Martiawan, president; Mrs. May Johnson, vice-president; Mrs. Ellen Chaplin, financial secretary; Mrs. Julia Chapman, treasurer; Edward Hollingsworth, recording secretary; Fred Segal, guide; J. W. Howard, sergeant-at-arms; trustees, P. J. Dugan, Wm. S. Scott and J. F. O'Donnell. Organizer Frank McCarthy of the American Federation of Labor has now severed his connection with the union and its affairs will be administered by the above officers.

RETIRES FROM POLICE CASE OF DR. HILLIS

ARGUMENT ON ORDER FOR EXAMINATION OF FORMER BUSINESS MANAGER POSTPONED

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Inspector George F. Pinkerton, 37 years a member of the police department, and its oldest clerk, celebrated his 65th birthday anniversary yesterday. Under the law he is automatically retired, as he joined the force April 18, 1878. The retirement papers will probably be sent by Commissioner O'Meara to Mayor Curley this week.

Inspector Pinkerton, who, with the late Tom Barry, installed the Bertillon system here, and knew most of the old-time crooks and many of the new ones by sight, has long been regarded as one of the department's most valuable men.

After his appointment Inspector Flannigan was detailed to the Joy street station as a patrolman. During the great storm of February, 1882, he was crushed to pieces two cars and several ribs were broken. He was not able to return to duty until the following October, when he was made chief of the trap department, then in charge of the West End police, and remained in that position 12 years.

On May 23, 1897, he was appointed clerk to Chief Inspector Hayes, and a few days later, along with the detective bureau, he helped to subdue the Boston police strike.

He was promoted to sergeant in 1898, to captain in 1901, to lieutenant in 1904, to captain in 1907, to captain in 1910, to captain in 1912, to captain in 1914, to captain in 1915, to captain in 1916, to captain in 1917, to captain in 1918, to captain in 1919, to captain in 1920, to captain in 1921, to captain in 1922, to captain in 1923, to captain in 1924, to captain in 1925, to captain in 1926, to captain in 1927, to captain in 1928, to captain in 1929, to captain in 1930, to captain in 1931, to captain in 1932, to captain in 1933, to captain in 1934, to captain in 1935, to captain in 1936, to captain in 1937, to captain in 1938, to captain in 1939, to captain in 1940, to captain in 1941, to captain in 1942, to captain in 1943, to captain in 1944, to captain in 1945, to captain in 1946, to captain in 1947, to captain in 1948, to captain in 1949, to captain in 1950, to captain in 1951, to captain in 1952, to captain in 1953, to captain in 1954, to captain in 1955, to captain in 1956, to captain in 1957, to captain in 1958, to captain in 1959, to captain in 1960, to captain in 1961, to captain in 1962, to captain in 1963, to captain in 1964, to captain in 1965, to captain in 1966, to captain in 1967, to captain in 1968, to captain in 1969, to captain in 1970, to captain in 1971, to captain in 1972, to captain in 1973, to captain in 1974, to captain in 1975, to captain in 1976, to captain in 1977, to captain in 1978, to captain in 1979, to captain in 1980, to captain in 1981, to captain in 1982, to captain in 1983, to captain in 1984, to captain in 1985, to captain in 1986, to captain in 1987, to captain in 1988, to captain in 1989, to captain in 1990, to captain in 1991, to captain in 1992, to captain in 1993, to captain in 1994, to captain in 1995, to captain in 1996, to captain in 1997, to captain in 1998, to captain in 1999, to captain in 2000, to captain in 2001, to captain in 2002, to captain in 2003, to captain in 2004, to captain in 2005, to captain in 2006, to captain in 2007, to captain in 2008, to captain in 2009, to captain in 2010, to captain in 2011, to captain in 2012, to captain in 2013, to captain in 2014, to captain in 2015, to captain in 2016, to captain in 2017, to captain in 2018, to captain in 2019, to captain in 2020, to captain in 2021, to captain in 2022, to captain in 2023, to captain in 2024, to captain in 2025, to captain in 2026, to captain in 2027, to captain in 2028, to captain in 2029, to captain in 2030, to captain in 2031, to captain in 2032, to captain in 2033, to captain in 2034, to captain in 2035, to captain in 2036, to captain in 2037, to captain in 2038, to captain in 2039, to captain in 2040, to captain in 2041, to captain in 2042, to captain in 2043, to captain in 2044, to captain in 2045, to captain in 2046, to captain in 2047, to captain in 2048, to captain in 2049, to captain in 2050, to captain in 2051, to captain in 2052, to captain in 2053, to captain in 2054, to captain in 2055, to captain in 2056, to captain in 2057, to captain in 2058, to captain in 2059, to captain in 2060, to captain in 2061, to captain in 2062, to captain in 2063, to captain in 2064, to captain in 2065, to captain in 2066, to captain in 2067, to captain in 2068, to captain in 2069, to captain in 2070, to captain in 2071, to captain in 2072, to captain in 2073, to captain in 2074, to captain in 2075, to captain in 2076, to captain in 2077, to captain in 2078, to captain in 2079, to captain in 2080, to captain in 2081, to captain in 2082, to captain in 2083, to captain in 2084, to captain in 2085, to captain in 2086, to captain in 2087, to captain in 2088, to captain in 2089, to captain in 2090, to captain in 2091, to captain in 2092, to captain in 2093, to captain in 2094, to captain in 2095, to captain in 2096, to captain in 2097, to captain in 2098, to captain in 2099, to captain in 2100, to captain in 2101, to captain in 2102, to captain in 2103, to captain in 2104, to captain in 2105, to captain in 2106, to captain in 2107, to captain in 2108, to captain in 2109, to captain in 2110, to captain in 2111, to captain in 2112, to captain in 2113, to captain in 2114, to captain in 2115, to captain in 2116, to captain in 2117, to captain in 2118, to captain in 2119, to captain in 2120, to captain in 2121, to captain in 2122, to captain in 2123, to captain in 2124, to captain in 2125, to captain in 2126, to captain in 2

# NASHUA STRIKE TROUBLE

No Outbreak Reported Today—  
—Strikers Ready to Stop All  
Shipments—Police Court Cases

There was no serious disturbance in the Nashua strike this morning although the strikers were in an ugly mood all morning and assembled in a crowd at the headquarters opposite the mill of the Nashua Mfg. Co.

The strikers, it seems, are determined to stop shipments from the factory and to prevent also if they can the sending of any food to the factory for the small number of men at work. The company is thus held in a state of siege, unable to make a move of any kind except under military protection. In spite of the opposition, however, wagons loaded with provisions passed into the mill today under military guard.

**Strikers on Duty**  
The strikers, nothing daunted by their experience of yesterday, when a number of them received a bad beating at the hands of the police and militiamen, were at the gates of the Nashua Mfg. Co. at an early hour this morning and they remained on duty during the entire day. No attempt to ship goods or receive material was made by the company during the day, and no provisions were brought inside the gates to feed the militiamen. It is said that an attempt to either ship manufactured goods or send in food to the militiamen will result in a disturbance even more serious than that of yesterday.

## Sidewalks Patrolled

Today the sidewalkers surrounding the big plant of the Nashua Manufacturing Co. were patrolled by militiamen and police. A slight outbreak occurred early in the morning when three newspaper photographers attempted to take pictures of the militiamen, but no one was injured. According to reports the camera men acted within the full limits of the law and did not trespass upon any land owned by the company but posted their machines in the middle of Factory street in front of the plant. Hardly had their machines been set, when the captain of one of the companies ordered them away and threatened to destroy their machines unless the order was specifically complied with. The photographers refused to move and the captain did not carry out his threat. Several hundred strikers who overheard the conversation between the militia captain and the camera men hissed and jeered the captain and it is said stones were thrown.

## Conference Thursday

Former-Mayor William H. Barry, counsel for the strikers agreed last night to meet Agent W. H. Caldwell of the Jackson Manufacturing Co. in a conference on the question of wages at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. In a letter to Mayor James B. Crowley, made public last night, Mr. Barry asked that the mayor use his influence "in the interests of humanity" to stop shipments of goods and receipt of material by the manufacturing plants concerned, until an adjustment of the trouble with their employees is reached.

The conference on Thursday will be attended by Counsel Barry and the following strikers' committee: Albin Valconet, Mabel Carney, William Tornulerich, John Keirio, Charles Nudieke and Peter Taurularius.

## Strikers Arraigned

The six strikers who were arrested yesterday following the riot were arraigned before Judge Clancy this morning. Through their counsel they asked for a continuance until tomorrow which was granted and each was held in the sum of \$300. All were bailed out.

## Story of Yesterday's Trouble

The Nashua strike situation took on a very grave aspect yesterday when one man was shot in the abdomen and four women taken to St. Joseph's hospital suffering from wounds sustained in rioting which occurred early in the morning. A few hours before the big riot two milk men and a fruit dealer were held up at the mill gate when

## CITY HALL NEWS

Continued

and Mr. Chase says he never told you so."

"I did not say that Mr. Chase told me so," replied Mr. Costello. "I told you I had heard he said so."

Mayor Murphy said that Architect Graves had told him there was no necessity of testing the pipes in question and in answer to that Mr. Costello produced a letter from Mr. Graves in which Mr. Costello was warned not to proceed with new work until the test, in question, was made.

Mr. Putnam gave as his opinion that the test should be made in the regular way. The mayor said he did not think \$600 should be spent on the test. "The testers could burst the pipes if they wanted to," said the mayor. "They could put on as much power as they wanted."

"We don't do business that way," put in Mr. Costello. "Of course we could use dynamite but we don't. We use as much pressure as is necessary. We don't try to see how many joints we can break."

"I have said so before and I repeat that the work should be done by the day and if Mr. Putnam tells me to go ahead and do the work by the day will do so."

"But you were going to charge \$600 for the work?" said the mayor.

"Not if it is done by the day."

"But don't you think it can be done good deal cheaper than \$600?"

"Yes."

"Then I think the council was justified in holding it up."

"The trouble is, Mr. Mayor," said Mr. Costello, "that you have been misinformed all the way through. You have mixed testing and examining. I hope that the work will be done for one-fifth of \$600."

Mr. Putnam asked Mr. Costello if he had looked over the contract and specifications and Mr. Costello said he had not seen the contract.

Agent Bates of the board of health was sent for and in reply to the mayor's questions stated that Inspectors Garrity and Connors had gone over the piles at the Memorial building and had found that they were all right. They reported, he said, that the water put in the pipes ran off clearly.

Inspector Garrity was asked about a pipe in the sub-basement that was leaking and Mr. Garrity said it had been fixed.

Mr. Costello said that there is a pipe leaking in the building. He said the pipe may have been leaking for years.

"But I want to call your attention, gentlemen, to the fact," he said, "that letting water flow through a pipe does not constitute a test. The pipe hasn't been tested."

Mr. Garrity believed the pipes should be properly tested. He could not pass on the cost of such a test.

More was said about the price and the mayor presumed that Mr. Costello was not in the business for his health, whereupon Mr. Costello retorted: "No, you are not up here for your health. You didn't break your promise not to run again next year, for your health, did you?"

"I am not going to see the city indicted out of \$600," said the mayor. "It makes no difference who the man is. I am going to protect the city's money."

"Makes no difference who the man is," echoed Mr. Costello. "It makes all the difference in the world," he continued, "and I guess I am the wrong man."

Mr. Costello then turned to Inspector Garrity and asked: "If this controversy hadn't arisen wouldn't you think those pipes should have been tested?"

Mr. Garrity said that he would.

"This is the smallest piece of business," said Mr. Costello, "that I have ever seen done at city hall. If it was a \$25 proposition, I suppose the mayor would go out and spend \$50,000 for it."

"I will look after the city's interests every time," put in the mayor.

In reference to Mr. Costello's remark relative to the money that \$800 had been allowed Mr. Connor for extra on the brick work on the Memorial building, Mr. Carmichael said the brick work should be handled in the same manner as the pipe testing and he thought it might be well for the council to rescind its vote in the matter and have Mr. Putnam call for bids. He would be in favor, he said, of granting Mr. Putnam power to spend a sum not exceeding \$500 for the removal of the turrets and part of the wall on the Colburn side of the Memorial building. He believed that the pipe testing should also be left to Mr. Putnam.

**Butting in on Putnam**

After having taken very little part in the controversy, Commissioner Dunnigan looked up from beneath his glasses and remarked that the council seemed very anxious to take Mr. Putnam's authority away from him.

## MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by Nettie M. Salmours of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to William T. Shepard, of said Lowell, dated April 8, 1912, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the Northern District of said County, Book 1st, Page 102, will be sold at public auction, on the 10th day of October, 1915, at two o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgagee, and the same described substantially as follows:

The first tract of land with the buildings thereon, situated in the eastern side of Gates street in said Lowell, shown as lot twenty-seven, etc., on a plan entitled "Plan of Building Lots in Lowell belonging to the children of the late Josiah Gates," surveyed October, 1853, by Melvin R. Smith, Civil Engineer, and Silas F. Powers, Surveyor, of Lowell, in the Northern District of said County, Book 1st, Page 52, and bounded: Westward, s. 1/4 Gates street fifty feet north, northerly by lot 24, 60x100 feet; east by lots 25 and 18, 60x100 feet; west by lots 26 and 19, 60x100 feet; south by lot 27, 60x100 feet; northwesterly by lot 28, 60x100 feet.

Containing over thousand six hundred and twenty-five square feet of land and being subject to all taxes and assessments and to all municipal and other assessments and tax sales which may be due or to come due thereafter, the purchaser will be required to pay a premium of ten per cent on the value of the property and the balance in ten days from the day of sale at the office of William T. Shepard, 11 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

WILLIAM T. SHEPARD,  
Real Estate Agent  
11 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

16-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass.

Full Set Teeth from \$5 Up

Old plates made good as new.  
Gold Crowns and Bridge Work a  
Specialty.

Painless Extraction Free When  
Teeth are Ordered. Examination  
Free.

10-17-18-19 Banks Building  
Merr

## KNOWLES MURDER CASE NO LICENSE CAMPAIGN

TALK OF AN ARREST—SUSPECTS MOVEMENTS ARE DESCRIBED BY COLBY

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 19.—Albert Colby, who says he carried the revolver which killed Judge Willis S. Knowles to Johnston on Labor day, was examined yesterday as to his mental soundness by Police Surgeon Griffin and a report will be submitted to Sheriff Wilcox.

Mr. Griffin stated last night, however, that there is nothing the matter with Colby except a slight nervous attack, that he is rational in discussing any and all subjects, including the part he played in the Knowles tragedy. In the interests of a man to whom Colby says he delivered the murder gun, Colby was also taken to Butler Hospital for the insane and examined as to his sanity.

The authorities had Thomas Bernard, a ball player, at the court house last night and he denied that he ever received or transmitted a telephone message from Colby Sunday, Sept. 5, to "be all ready for that job in the morning." Bernard said he knew nothing of the murder of Judge Knowles.

Bernard was induced to try on a coat which Colby said belonged to the former. It had been found hanging on a tree near the bungalow, at the scene of the Knowles murder. Bernard denied that he ever saw the coat before, and claimed it did not fit him.

Colby told the authorities last night that he had recalled some additional incidents which occurred soon after the tragedy. The information related to the movements of the man to whom he gave the revolver, who is under suspicion. The latest disclosure by Colby caused Sheriff Wilcox to seek a conference late last night with Attorney General Rice.

Last night an arrest was being talked of with some seriousness, and it is stated that the investigators do not now hope to secure much additional information without taking such a step.

Colby is 33 years old and he belongs in Miltineague, Mass., where his sister resides.

## CALLS MONROE DOCTRINE BLUFF

Prof. Hart of Harvard Tells Worcester Audience This Plan Will No Longer Keep Europe Out

WORCESTER, Oct. 19.—Addressing the Worcester Congregational club last night Dr. Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard university, characterized the Monroe Doctrine as a policy which has kept European nations out of the western hemisphere in the past practically by bluffing, a plan which he said, will no longer succeed.

Today, Prof. Hart declared, if the United States intends to maintain the Monroe Doctrine, she must be willing to defend it. "Preparation," he said in brief, "is the only adequate proof that the United States wants the Monroe Doctrine."

Continuing, Prof. Hart said: "The United States must do one or two things if she would continue to uphold the Monroe Doctrine. Either she must stand for it as a question of passivity, a mutual understanding among the nations sufficient to preserve the world's peace; or else, if peace cannot be reached, then the United States must do what is necessary at least to protect her own coast from foreign invasion."

Today, he remarked, "the shadow of Monroe" can no longer frighten European nations away from the western hemisphere, while it would not be a very great undertaking to get troops across the water.

Prof. Hart noted how the United States has developed a system of protectorates of at least five Central American republics and every island of the West Indies except Jamaica. When it came to the actual point at which European nations might land in this hemisphere, Prof. Hart pointed out, the United States herself did the landing and has undertaken to see that no Latin-American republic shall give offense to Europe. This policy, he observed, naturally argues that in the course of time a protectorate for Mexico will also come about, and this entire plan, he added, is likely to be anything but satisfactory to the South American republics.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

INTERESTING EXHIBIT AT 50 CENTRAL STREET SHOWS EVILS OF LIQUOR TRAFFIC

A volunteer committee of 150 men and women working under the auspices of the Flying Squadron is conducting a unique campaign against the liquor trade in Lowell this week. Walter A. Chase is the chairman of the committee and there is a very interesting exhibit at 50 Central street. The exhibit opened yesterday afternoon and will remain open daily from 2 p.m. to 10 p.m. until Sunday night. Cards have been provided and signatures of individuals will be sought endorsing the national campaign for no license and national prohibition. The poster campaign is complete. The scientific aspect of the liquor problem is told in large sentences in large type. The various ways in which the evils of the liquor business are illustrated are really astonishing.

The show windows display \$9 worth of groceries and the legend attached says:

"The food displayed here represents what may be bought in Lowell for \$9, the expenditure of the average family in the United States for drink." The whole exhibit is along this line, giving some concrete illustration of the cost of drink and its relation to the prison, crime, mortality and heredity. The centre of the room is devoted to a large table on which they represented in unusual manner the effects of drink. A card bears the figures which tell how much liquor is worth to Massachusetts. It is asserted that the product value of the liquor traffic in this state is \$1,470,000 a year while the amount paid for labor in the liquor industry is \$1,821,749 a year. To point moral effect, the product value of the cotton manufactures in Lowell is \$26,795,270 a year and the amount paid in wages \$6,396,583. This is calculated to emphasize the smaller proportion of the wages in the liquor traffic as compared to an industry like the cotton mills.

## WANTS INDICTMENT QUASHED

Issued Ten Years Ago in Boston Against Mrs. Dahlberg of Denver for Alleged Kidnapping

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 19.—Mrs. Belle Penwick Dahlberg, 10 years ago the central figure in a court fight that attracted national interest when Gov. McDonald refused extradition papers for her return to Boston, will ask the authorities there to quash the indictment pending against her for kidnapping, that she may visit her former home.

Ten years ago Mrs. Dahlberg, then Mrs. Penwick, was the sister-in-law of John H. Sully of Boston. After the death of her sister, Mrs. Dahlberg claimed that her two nieces were not receiving proper attention in the home where Sully placed them. She took the older girl, Anna, and came to Denver.

Legal proceedings were instituted against her and she was indicted on the charge of kidnapping. The governor of Massachusetts issued requisition papers for her return to Boston, but the governor of Colorado refused to honor them when he learned the circumstances.

Mrs. Dahlberg wishes to visit her old home and attend to property interests and will petition for the quashing of the indictment to prevent molestation.

## GOV. WALSH THEIR GUEST

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. Walsh last night was guest at the monthly dinner of the Rotary club at the Hotel Lenox. He confined his brief remarks to a discussion of the commercial ideals of the club. About 100 were present. President Edward C. Miller presided. An orchestra played and H. Thrasher or Natick read Canadian history. Arthur W. Blackman was chairman of the committee in charge of the dinner. Hastings Russell, his guest, gave an entertaining exhibition of ventriloquism.

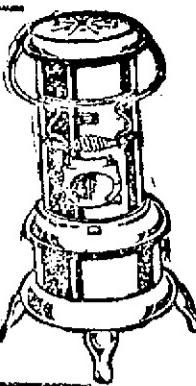
*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

## THRIFTY TRADERS!

Take These Ten Timely Tips—

Perfection Heaters	\$2.75, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$6.00
Electric Light Oil, for heaters, gal.	12c
Perfection Wick, with carrier	20c
Rich Gold Bronze, for radiators, oz.	.80
Bronzing Liquid, for mixing bronze, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt.	10c
Radiator Brush, 36 inches long	.35c
Stove Brushes	.12c
Galy. Oil Cans	.25c
Flue Brushes	.18c
Hearth Brushes	\$1.05

C. B. Coburn Co. Free City Motor Delivery 63 MARKET ST.



## GOV. WALSH'S RALLIES BISHOP PERRY ROBBED

SPENDS TODAY IN MIDDLESEX COUNTY—AT BILLERICA THIS AFTERNOON

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. Walsh will put in a very busy week of campaigning beginning this morning, when he held his first daylight rally of the campaign at Watertown at 10 o'clock.

The schedule this week follows: Today—Watertown, 10; Waverley, 10:30; Belmont, 11; Arlington, 11:30; Lexington, 12; Bedford, 1:30; Carlisle, 2:30; Woburn, 4:30; and Stoneham, 5 o'clock.

This evening the governor will speak at Grand Army hall, Chelsea, at 8 o'clock, after which he will attend a reception at the Chelsea Lodge of Elks. He will then go to Conservatory hall, Everett; Marie Hall, Malden; Knights of Columbus reception, Malden, and Melrose City hall.

Wednesday evening he will speak at Williamstown at 6:30; North Adams at 7; Adams at 7:30 and Pittsfield at 9:15.

Thursday—The governor will spend the day touring Ashland, Framingham, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn and Weston, the itinerary to be later announced. In the evening he will speak at Beverly, Manchester and Gloucester.

Friday—The first rally will be at Palmer at 11 a.m., followed by a daylight rally at Melrose, West Warren, West Warwick, Gilbertville, West Brookfield, Brookfield and East Brookfield, the itinerary to be later announced. Friday evening he will speak at Danvers, Saugus, Peabody, Salem and Revere.

Saturday—Beginning in West Acton at 9:30, the governor will hold rallies at Littleton Common at 10 o'clock; Groton at 10:30; Pepperell at 11:15; Shirley at 12:15; Ayer, 12:45; Harvard 2 p.m.; Bolton, 2:15; Hudson, 2:30; Maynard, 3:30; Concord, 4:15, and Wayland at 5 o'clock. The ratification meeting will be held in Tremont Temple at 7:30 Saturday evening.

The democratic state committee has arranged a lengthy schedule for the other members of the state ticket who will be heard in various parts of the commonwealth.

A NEW SUBMARINE BASE

Seven Undersea Boats Arrive at New London With Tenders and Flagship

NEW LONDON, Oct. 19.—Seven sunburners; G-1, G-2, G-4, E-L-D-1, D-2 and D-3, accompanied by the monitors Tonawanda and Ozark as tenders and by the destroyer Columbia as flagship. Rear Admiral Albert W. Grant arrived in New London harbor yesterday from Newport, R. I., to open the new submarine base at the navy yard, more than two miles up the Thames river.

The Columbia anchored at New London light, but the submarines and tenders proceeded immediately up the river, and the undersea craft beat up at the docks at the navy yard.

Legal proceedings were instituted against her and she was indicted on the charge of kidnapping. The governor of Massachusetts issued requisition papers for her return to Boston, but the governor of Colorado refused to honor them when he learned the circumstances.

Mrs. Dahlberg wishes to visit her old home and attend to property interests and will petition for the quashing of the indictment to prevent molestation.

GOV. WALSH THEIR GUEST

BOSTON, Oct. 19.—Gov. Walsh last night was guest at the monthly dinner of the Rotary club at the Hotel Lenox. He confined his brief remarks to a discussion of the commercial ideals of the club. About 100 were present. President Edward C. Miller presided. An orchestra played and H. Thrasher or Natick read Canadian history.

Arthur W. Blackman was chairman of the committee in charge of the dinner. Hastings Russell, his guest, gave an entertaining exhibition of ventriloquism.

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.*

*If you want help at*

# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor  
SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.  
Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

## WALSH TO McCALL

Mr. McCall and his supporters are having a ticklish experience in so criticizing the present state administration that the blame for alleged abuses shall fall on Governor Walsh without throwing any shadow on the republican senate or the republican house. We hear a great deal about the "cost of government," the "increase in commissions," the so-called "inefficiency," and all the other things which the unselfish republicans are burning to remedy, but we do not hear of the persistent opposition of the last session of the legislature to Governor Walsh and his policies; neither do we hear that every financial transaction of the past year was passed and approved by a legislature on which Governor Walsh had frequently urged the necessity for economy. As a cure for the flaws which have been so recently discovered, the republican party of Massachusetts suggests that the people shall elect a governor who shall be in full accord with the republican legislature and who may be able to get full sanction and support for any policies he may wish to push through. Does this look like reform? Those familiar with the legislature of 1915 do not think so.

At several rallies held last Saturday Governor Walsh paid his respects to the republican senate of 1915 and asked Mr. McCall for a pledge that his influence shall be exercised in future in behalf of truly representative government and in opposition to star chamber methods and legislative secrecy. The governor referred to the methods of the last senate as "invisible government" and to those who would scoff he presents facts and proofs which neither Mr. McCall nor the leaders of the senate can dissipate. The governor condemns practices which many have suspected but from which he has suffered when, in the cause of the people, he presented progressive measures obnoxious to the powerful in the legislature or to the powerful few who shaped its dealings.

To prove his open charge, Mr. Walsh related his experience with the republican senate relative to some insurance reforms which he wished passed in accordance with popular demand. Believing that certain insurance companies were guilty of discrimination in dealing with classes of employees the governor sent a special message to the legislature in which he recommended remedial legislation. The subject was submitted by the legislature to a special commission composed of two republicans and one democrat. After investigating, this commission recommended the passage of five acts. The joint committee on judiciary of the legislature unanimously approved these recommendations and reported upon them. No one openly opposed the proposed law. Even the representatives of the insurance companies professed to be satisfied. Were the laws passed then? No, indeed! With one exception every recommendation was rejected by the republican legislature without even a roll call. In the words of Governor Walsh, "Can it be doubted that the real agency which brought about their defeat was not the people of this state, but the old familiar "invisible government?" What explanation can Mr. McCall, the leader of the republican party in this campaign, give to the people of Massachusetts for the rejection by the senate of Massachusetts, without even a roll call, of these proposed laws recommended after extended hearings by a non-partisan commission and approved by the joint judiciary committee of the legislature without a dissenting voice?"

If this was really brought about by the "invisible government" otherwise known as "the system," which candidate does invisible government support? Not David L. Walsh, the governor who was so consistently and insistently opposed by legislation which tried to prevent his getting the credit for any progressive reform. In all his public speeches during his term of office, Governor Walsh did not try to minimize the difficulties of his position, but in spite of open and secret opposition he put through a program of advanced yet prudent legislation and so conducted himself as governor that his resourceful and experienced opponents are hard set to find an issue in his administration. The honesty and open policy of his regime are shown in his campaign as revealed in the report of the activity to be true, even by this exposé of "invisible government" and his fearless challenge to Mr. McCall to come out in condemnation of the republican legislature and the forces which operated against real popular and democratic government.

## COST OF LUXURY

Speaking in Boston last Sunday evening Rev. Madison C. Peters, D.D., delivered a strong criticism of some current tendencies, taking the stand that the people as a whole are sacrificing their opportunities to live comfortably while at the same time making provision for the future. He admitted that the "cost of living" is higher than formerly but said that in many cases the truth would be better served by the phrase "high cost of luxury." As an illustration he mentioned the great neglect of American food opportunities saying that if the state of Texas were farmed scientifically it "could feed the whole of the United States."

There is a great deal of truth in the

theatres reports that in his opinion 23 out of 30 were clean, four suggestive, and five tending to instruction in crime. Furthermore it was discovered that the theatres which presented the cleanest pictures were the most crowded.

For a complete analysis of the local moving picture field, a more extensive investigation would be required, nevertheless, it is gratifying to find that the report is on the whole commendable. It may be that few people can agree as to what is objectionable in theatrical performances, but a minister is not liable to err on the ground of too great tolerance of what is indecent or suggestive, consequently the testimony of the investigator may be taken as really representing conditions.

Thousands of persons of all ages see the moving pictures in local theatres during the week and are consciously or unconsciously influenced thereby. The screen dramas have a directive power over the juvenile mind in particular that is not good or evil, according to the character of the representation. Vigilance must be exercised by the authorities, therefore, in order that high standards shall be maintained and that the few theatres which still tolerate suggestive or sensational pictures may swing in line with the great majority.

## JUDGE ENRIGHT'S DECISION

In announcing a finding of not guilty in the case of two girls accused of assaulting a third who had called them "scabs" and other disagreeable names because they did not join the U. S. Cartridge company strikers, Judge Enright took into consideration the provocation in the case. He also undoubtedly took into consideration the fact that while every striker has the right to strike or to quit work at will, every other operative has an equal right to remain at work without insult or intimidation of any kind. The decision as we view it, is a reminder that strikers have not the right to assail those who decide not to strike by hurling at them the name "scabs" or other offensive epithets. It is also a reminder that the party who provokes a quarrel and gets worsted, seldom gains anything by appealing to the courts.

Has Dunham left us a legacy of labor troubles at factories where munitions or other supplies are manufactured for the allies? The very suspicion that such may be the case will injure strikers who never heard of Dunham.

## EDITORIAL COMMENT

**Looks That Way Now**  
The talk of "war ends" is nothing but bosh up to now. War is waged by men to win, and the winners are by the code—Providence Tribune.

**Same Job**  
A professional gambler, caught at last, says his earnings averaged \$3 a day for years. But at the close he had only \$500.—Berksshire Eagle.

**You Bet!**

The men who will deny themselves and work hard are the right sort of men to educate.—Fifeburg Sentinel.

**Becoming a Habit**  
Apparently the first thing congress has had to do along the line of preparedness is to buy a wedding present.—Niagara Journal.

**No Hurry**

Greece and Rome appear to have decided that "for the present" wisdom is the better part of valor.—Portland Express.

**As They Apply It**

The new definition for a treaty is a document that does not apply in an inconvenient situation.—Holyoke Transcript.

**But the Harvest**

The fields are still large in the favorite son class of the republican presidential nomination race.—Brockton Times.

**Very True**

Accuracy, doing things to a finish is

**GIRLS! ACT NOW!  
HAIR COMING OUT  
MEANS DANDRUFF**

25-cent "Danderine" will save your hair and double its beauty.

Try this! Your hair gets soft, wavy, abundant and glossy at once.

Save your hair! Beauty #1. It is only a matter of using a little Danderine occasionally to keep a bit of heavy, dead hair off, soft, lustrous, wavy and free from dandruff.

It is easy and inexpensive to have pretty, charming hair and lots of it. Just a 25-cent bottle of Danderine now off drug stores recommends itself—little as directed and within ten treatments there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, luster and an incomparable glossiness and lustre. Try us you will soon be an expert in the art of dandruff and how to fight it.

It is not well that we should underestimate the efforts being made to combat dandruff by other nations, both English and German.

DESIRABLE MOVIES

A clergyman who has made a wide investigation of local moving picture

statements of the noted preacher and it is a truth that many lose sight of who comment on present day living conditions as contrasted with those of an older generation. When people complain of the high cost of living today they do not mean exactly the high cost of necessities, for no matter how poor the individuals, they must have money for the movies, for the latest in dress and for home comforts that their fathers and mothers did not dream of. It is one thing to speak of the hard lot of the girls who work in the factories, for instance, but one who frequents some of the busy evening dance halls will find a great percentage of those same girls dressed in the latest fashion and enjoying the amusement that is a part of their daily existence.

To be sure, the humblest worker is entitled to some pleasures as well as good clothing and sufficient food, but in how many instances do people spend money needlessly that they cannot really spare? All people in this age hunger for the good things of life and in thousands of cases all around us they pay in one form or another for the "high cost of luxury."

In his Boston address Dr. Peters spoke specifically of the apparent neglect of farm opportunities in this part of the country. A trolley ride in any direction from our congested cities will show hundreds of acres of unclaimed land that in any other progressive nation would be the scene of happy and prosperous homes. Here, the tendency is unfortunately in the other direction: those born in the country pine for the chance to live in the city with its numerous attractions. They fail to see that life in the country would be far more normal and in the long run more remunerative. Lured by the theatre lights, the trolley cars, the superficial conveniences, they abandon the healthful farm existence that is at the root of every sturdy national life. Even the foreigner who comes here from the farm lands of his own country disdains farm life in America and lives the unwholesome tenement and factory life of cities in preference to the open air of the fields and the clear skies.

Soon there must be a revision of feeling for our great cities are suffering from congestion and a glut in the labor markets. Little by little the conviction is growing that men and women pay too dearly for the life of the city and there is a popular hunger for the small farm with its cattle, its orchard and its garden. From the highest government officials to the least worker who keeps in touch with what is going on our people are becoming convinced of the need for the scientific farming that in the words of Dr. Peters would feed the entire country if carried out in the state of Texas.

## TRADE TO FOLLOW

There is a dangerous tendency in some quarters to picture the close of the war as a time of great trade extension for the United States and of crippled industry for the belligerent nations. This country will certainly be in the most favorable position of any, but it is foolish to assume that we will have a monopoly or that we shall not be subjected to brisk competition. Not only will the warring nations strive to heal their wounds by commercial expansion, but they are now actively preparing to that end in spite of a war which is taxing almost all their ingenuity and resourcefulness.

This is substantiated by a recent report of the American Association of Commerce and Trade in Berlin which says that preparations are now under way in Germany for an aggressive trade campaign to be waged in South America after the war. German manufacturers have organized a "trade league" headed—strangely enough—by Dr. Bernburg, whose propaganda here was such a failure. A report of his first address to the league shows more shrewdness than he displayed in this country and has much of interest to the American manufacturer and trader.

Among other things Dr. Bernburg is reported to have said: "One advantage to Germany is her widespread and well-organized merchant marine and her methodical banking system. For this reason we need not fear foreign competition for many generations to come." He admits the possibility of a loss of German prestige, but the tone of his forecast is optimistic. The report of the activity to be true, many will be an active trade rival of the United States in South America. Mr. McCall to come out in condemnation of the republican legislature and the forces which operated against real popular and democratic government.

## COST OF LUXURY

Speaking in Boston last Sunday evening Rev. Madison C. Peters, D.D., delivered a strong criticism of some current tendencies, taking the stand that the people as a whole are sacrificing their opportunities to live comfortably while at the same time making provision for the future. He admitted that the "cost of living" is higher than formerly but said that in many cases the truth would be better served by the phrase "high cost of luxury." As an illustration he mentioned the great neglect of American food opportunities saying that if the state of Texas were farmed scientifically it "could feed the whole of the United States."

There is a great deal of truth in the

theatres reports that in his opinion 23 out of 30 were clean, four suggestive, and five tending to instruction in crime. Furthermore it was discovered that the theatres which presented the cleanest pictures were the most crowded.

That's the Point  
Henry Ford and his general manager have separated over the question of Mr. Ford's unpreparedness talk. What has that to do with automobiles?—Woonsocket Call.

**The Victims**

One of the saddest features of the English newspapers these days is the reproduction of pictures found on the battlefields. They are the pictures of sweethearts, young matrons and of beautiful children who will long remember this great war.—Providence News.

**Heed Ye Jits!**  
The jitneys claim to be legitimate competitors of the street railways. Indeed, if such be not the case, their existence must be regretted. As competitors, they are obliged to the public to the same extent as the street railways.—Beverly Times.

**SEEN AND HEARD**

Sometimes it seems great pity that October has only 31 days.

Again we have come to the glad season of mince pies and consequent indigestion.

Some day every public telephone booth may be ventilated with an electric fan.

The world is making progress all the time. What used to be called a swill cart is now a garbage wagon.

The man who learns something new every day ought to know at least 50 new things after he has done it for a year.

One answer to the question how the neighbors can afford to do all the things they do is that quite frequently they can't.

When the sport shirt came into fashion, it disclosed right away the fact that a great many young men had been wearing brass collar buttons.

After a man has been stung once by a swarm of bees, you can't get him easily snatched away when she sees him start in to make pictures of the children?

If your friend had a twinge of rheumatism yesterday, you are sure to offend him if you don't ask the first thing when you meet him how he is today.

The feeman has to be almost a mind reader to know for sure whether the tea card in the parlor window was set up in the morning, or left after he devoured a 10-pound cake the day before.

Why try to stir up the boy's ambition by telling him that he has a chance of becoming president some day? Why not tell him that he has a chance of becoming the star pitcher of a world's championship team?

Chestnuts ought to be in the market before very long, in large quantities, as the sharp frost of a week ago must have opened the chestnut buds, and they must now be falling in quantities. Boys who are lucky enough to know where there are chestnut trees in the city outskirts are already bringing them in, but there have not as yet been many noticed in the market.

**Unsigned Bank Notes**

This would be an unnecessary precaution in our case but it may be well for you to begin the practice of noting well the appearance of bank notes that come into your possession, for unless you do, there is danger, sometimes of getting caught with worthless goods. This warning is pertinent just now because shortly there are likely to be in circulation unsigned United States bank notes to the total value of \$100,000 as a result of a train robbery in West Virginia, in which that amount of unsigned bank notes was stolen.

Perhaps it will pay you to begin a few weeks hence to look at the United States bank notes passed you to see whether they have the signatures of not. Without them the money is valueless, no matter who gave it to you.

**Turned Him Down**

"Do you really mean it, Mr. Spooner, when you say I am the best girl in the world?" asked a young lady of an ardent admirer.

"Indeed I do, Dora," responded the young man. "I say it again—you are the best girl in the world."

"And the levellest, I think you said?"

"The levellest without doubt."

"I think you said something about my accomplishments, too."

"I did. I said they exceeded those of any other girl."

"I believe you called me sweet?"

"A sweet woman never breathes!"

"You used the word 'perfect' too, did you not?"

"I did. I look upon you as the pink of perfection, propriety, and modesty, the empress of my heart, the peerless among the beautiful creatures of your sex. As maiden, adorable, enchanting, and worthy of the hand of the best man on earth, say the word that will make me the happiest man on earth, my own Dora."

"Before I give you an answer, Mr. Spooner, I should like to ask you one question."

"A dozen, if you like."

"One will be enough. Don't you think that you have a great deal of assurance to expect a woman with all those excellent qualities to marry such an ordinary man as you?"

Mr. Spooner is still a bachelor.

**Yesterday**

It seems but yesterday that I was just a carefree boy. With freedom and care-free mind and body I was full of joy. And now I am old and worn. And have no time for play. How can youth be so long ago? It seems but yesterday.

It seems but yesterday that I signed that note on three months time. And flourished on the signature with coat-hanger substance. And now after that note is due, and I am poor, I am in trouble. How can those three months be gone?

It seems but yesterday that we believed

She'd be forever mine. And snatched up the ring when I came.

At first I didn't know.

And now she's gone. To other men.

To other men, I say. For I am old.

Was ever fool so blind as I?

It seems but yesterday

I was a young lad. And frosted my hair.

And I lived there in a cold city.

Now I live there in a hot city.

It seems but yesterday I was here?

It seems but yesterday I was there?

It seems but yesterday I was there?

# BLOW TO YALE

Le Gore, Football Star,  
and Four Others Are  
Barred From Games

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 19.—Yale athletes were dealt a body blow last night when Harry Legore, its greatest football man; Billy Easton, substitute quarterback; Spencer Pumplin, a backfield candidate; Arthur Milburn, captain of the baseball team, and Bob Rhett, star outfielder, were declared ineligible for further intercollegiate competition.

Their expulsion from college sports was announced at the office of the Yale Athlete association late last night, and the reason given was that each had obtained board and lodging for playing summer baseball with the Quogoo Field club team of Long Island.

#### Breach Not Intended

Accompanying the association's statement was a letter signed by five athletes, in which they state their breach of the Yale association's rules was made unintentionally, and that upon being advised of the violation they immediately paid to the Quogoo Field club sums of money to cover their living and lodging expenses during their connection with the club's baseball team.

From the tone of this letter, it is evident that the statement came voluntarily and without solicitation from the Yale officials, but there is a growing opinion about New Haven, supported by the early withholding of Legore from the "varsity" football lineup, that complaint from either Princeton or Harvard preceded investigations which led to this statement and its regrettable outcome.

Not since the establishment of strict amateur rulings among eastern colleges has there occurred such a sensational and wholesale uncovering of un-amateur doings among college athletes, and not in the history of Yale athletics has such a blow been dealt its athlete teams.

#### Students Surprised

Never has the Yale campus been the scene of such a demonstration as occurred when the announcement was made. The demonstration was far from a noisy one, for the announcement came to the undergraduate body as a complete surprise, and the show of feeling was that of looks and expression of hopelessness or indignation.

Harry Legore, one of the greatest football men ever to represent the Blue, and a baseball player, whose pronounced ability has led many big league scouts to the Yale baseball diamond in attempts to secure his signature to a major league contract, is Yale's most telling loss, as the result of the exposure, while the loss of Easton and Pumplin comes at a critical stage in Yale's football season, and when much was dependant upon their presence on the Yale team, Milburn and Rhett confined their athletic endeavors to baseball and with that season so far away, the effect of their expulsion from athletics is not so great.

Legore, who last Saturday, for the first time this season, started as a regular on the "varsity" team, was undeniably the best man in the New Haven lineup. Last year his work was the sensation of the college football world. Playing at the fullback position, he demonstrated a football versatility that brought comment from all sections of the country. As a line plunger and open field runner he was the best man of an unusually strong squad, and he combined with this a punting and drop-kicking ability that was second to none of the college players of the present day, and, in addition, he was the man upon whom the success of Yale's spectacular passing game most depended. Last Saturday, when showing as a regular for the first time this year, he gave every evidence that he not only retained his last season's ability but was to prove a more remarkable man in the various branches of the sport.

#### Pat on Second Team

During the first few weeks of the season his name appeared only in the lineup of the second team. As a member of that eleven his work was only that of any man in Yale's backfield squad. Yet he was not placed on the "varsity." Two weeks ago, when Yale was being beaten by the strong Virginia team, Yale stands rang with the shout, "Put in Legore," "We want Legore." Virginia's victory brought much condemnation upon the shoulders of Frank Hinkey. The demand for Legore being given a place in the "varsity" lineup came from graduates all over the country, and, as if in answer to this demand, Legore was sent into the Lehigh game as a substitute, and as such he scored the touchdown and goal from touchdown that won the contest.

This spectacular work was continued when as a regular he took part in the Springfield, Y.M.C.A. college game of a week and a half ago. Yale graduates and undergraduates were elated. The football situation which had caused them much concern seemed

to have been cleared by the placing of Legore, and the bright prospects of the early season, which gave Yale the choice as 1915 football champions, seemed about to be realized.

The Yale Athlete association's announcement, coming at such a time as has overcast the entire university, prospects of a victorious football season have been blotted, and the blue-blites of the blood of its pen-

itself, although Laborde received the decision. If Laborde really wants to clash with Brooks let him say something or sneak back into his shell and admit he is afraid to meet Brooks again.

Mike Gibbons will probably clash with Jeff Smith at New York in the near future. Smith has only recently returned from Australia where he made a fine showing. He only lost a few verdicts and all of them were questionable. He is looked upon as a formidable opponent for the St. Paul Phantom and a large crowd would turn out to witness this high class card should it be witnessed.

Tonight is the night that Frank Moran and Jim Coffey get together at New York to settle the question of supremacy. Much of it will be remembered, fought Jack Johnson 20 rounds Paris, not so long ago, while a fat Bomber Wells easily Coffey is only two newspaper decisions against him. Tom McMahon and Charley Wiggs are the two men who are credited with whipping the Dublin giant, but it is doubtful if they could stay the distance at the present time. Coffey is looked upon to beat the one time hopes less hope, and record attendance is expected to crowd Madison Square garden this evening. Benny Leonard and Young Drummie are to clash in the semi-windup. Leonard and Coffey are managed by Billy Gibson, manager of the Gaudent A. C., where the shows are held.

**TED LEWIS DEFEATS MOORE**  
PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 19.—Ted Lewis, the brilliant English boxer, gave a dazzling exhibition of footwork and hitting from all angles in defeating Willie Moore at the Olympia A. A. last night. The bout went the limit of six rounds, and in every round except the fifth Lewis had all the better of the meeting. At the conclusion of the contest he had Moore's eyes damaged and Willie was bleeding from the nose.

**GREEN BEATS GEORGE CHIP**  
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 19.—Harry Green bested George Chip, the former middleweight champion, in a fast six-round bout in the Duquesne garden last night.

**MITCHELL BEATS AZEVEDO**  
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 19.—Ritchie Mitchell of Milwaukee secured the biggest victory of his career last night by administering a clean defeat to Joe Azedo, the great California Portuguese, in 10 rounds of fast milling. Mitchell began a slugfest with the first round and kept it up throughout the battle, having the lead in practically every round or at least an even break.

**MACK BEATS CONDON**  
NEW BEDFORD, Oct. 19.—Tommy O'Keefe of Philadelphia, who was scheduled to box Frankie Mack of Beaumont here last night, failed to show up, sending word that he had been injured while training. On a hurried call to New York Harry Condon was secured, coming into the ring after ringing all the afternoon.

Mack bumped him hard throughout the 15 rounds, landing his left jab almost at will; but Condon never failed to come in for more. He was outclassed all the way, but finished strong.

**CHICK SHADES SWEENEY**  
ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 19.—Joe Chick, the middleweight champion of New England, had a shade the better of a 10-round bout with "Knockout" Sweeney here last night. Chick carried the fight to his opponent, which was just to Sweeney's liking. The result was one of the fastest and best mills that has been seen in this vicinity.

**AL SHUBERT WINS**  
PITTSFIELD, Oct. 19.—Al Shubert of New Bedford outboxed Willie Brown of New York last night in their scheduled 10-round battle before the members of the 20th Century A. C. Both boys showed considerable talent, and up to the seventh there was little choice between them, but in that session Shubert opened a cut over Brown's left eye and thereafter the New Yorker was bothered.

**CARLSON DROPS CANTO**  
GLOUCESTER, Oct. 19.—Harry Carlson, the Brockton Cyclone, knocked out Jabez Canto of this city at the Lenox A. C. last night in the first 10 seconds of the second round of a 12-round scheduled bout.

**ROBERT B. WARD DEAD**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler, Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on the Sabbath.

Mr. Ward was taken ill with rheumatism last Tuesday and complications hastened the end. He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Mary C. Brechin of Pittsburgh, and nine children, five of them sons.

According to the Boston Traveler,

Young Labore states no one has replied to the challenge he issued to the bantams of New England. If memory serves me right, I think our local boy Gardner (Joe) Brooks, snapped up the deft without a moment's delay, but Labore must have thought of that wallop he took about a year ago at

HEAD OF BREAD PLANTS IN MANY CITIES—WAS LEADING FIGURE ALSO IN FEDERAL B. B. LEAGUE

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Robert B. Ward, head of bread companies bearing his name in many cities, but most widely known as a leading figure in the Federal League and as president of the Brooklyn club, died last night at his home in New Rochelle after a brief illness. He was 54 years old.

Mr. Ward was born in this city, the son of a baker, and early in life succeeded that occupation, going to Pittsburgh, where he set up in business and prospered. He became president of the common council of that city and at the time of his death was a director in many banks and financial institutions there. Later Mr. Ward came to New York and organized baking companies here and in Chicago, Boston, Buffalo and other cities.

Mr. Ward, a lifelong fan, became one of the chief financial supporters of the Federal League at the instance of its president, James A. Gilmore, early in 1914. He was chosen vice president of the league, organized the Brooklyn club and with his brother, George F. Ward, built Washington park, the home grounds. He was also credited with financing the Colonial league in New England. He was strongly opposed to Sunday baseball and never permitted the Brooklyn club to play on





The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

# THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

LOWELL MASS. TUESDAY OCTOBER 19 1915

PRICE ONE CENT

## DEMOCRATIC

## RALLIES SPEAR PARDONED

### Enthusiastic Gatherings at Dracut, Chelmsford and Billerica Last Evening

The democratic town committee of Dracut, North Billerica and Chelmsford performed respectively three fine hustling stunts in preparing for democratic rallies held in their towns last evening, on very short notice from the democratic state committee.

It was late Saturday night when the chairmen were reached and informed to be prepared for rallies on Monday night and they hustled about to get the meeting places and make the other necessary arrangements.

In North Billerica Mr. Charles Cowdry engaged Union Hall; at North Chelmsford John F. McManaman prepared for his meeting in the town hall while at Dracut John W. Brennan secured St. Mary's hall, at Collinsville. All three then made their announcements and as a result when the speakers arrived they found good sized crowds at each meeting place.

#### At North Billerica

At North Billerica, Mr. Cowdry called to order and introduced as the chairman of the evening former Rep. John J. Kiggins, who is a candidate for re-election, and who from all accounts is about to be given his second term. Mr. Kiggins made a most interesting address dealing with the administration of Governor Walsh and the leading state issues.

His familiarity with the important state issues showed the result of careful and intelligent study and observation during his first term in the legislature. He was well received and made a most favorable impression. Rep. Frederick Burke, candidate for senator in that district and one of the most popular members of the legislature made a fine impression. He is a forceful talker and discussed the state issues also referring to the head of the ticket in glowing terms. James Walsh, a nephew of Governor Walsh and a most promising young speaker aroused considerable enthusiasm as did James Ahearn, a well known Cambridge attorney. Joseph H. McNally, the democratic candidate for councillor in this district also spoke. There were about 150 present and considering the short notice on which the rally was held it was a big success.

**Speakers at Collinsville**

Major Thomas L. Walsh, brother of Governor Walsh and quite as good a speaker and Christopher J. Fay, probably the oldest democratic stump speaker in the state spoke at Dracut and Chelmsford. Major Walsh speaking at Dracut while Mr. Fay was at Chelmsford.

Former Rep. John W. Brennan called to order at Collinsville and St. Mary's hall, was well filled. Mr. Brennan spoke upon the reform in the workingmen's compensation act that had been brought about by Governor Walsh and referred to it as one of the greatest legislative achievements in behalf of the working people that has ever been recorded at the state house. Referring to his own candidacy he stated that representing both city and country interests he had carefully followed all legislation affecting the interest of the farmers and all affecting the interest of the laboring classes in the big manufacturing establishments of the city and of his own town. He stated that his record would show that without exception he had favored all measures beneficial to the farming interests and had opposed all that would operate against their interests, and had done likewise on all labor measures.

Major Walsh, who closely resembles the governor in appearance and views with him in popularity received an ovation as he arose to speak. Major Walsh stated that he took great pride in the fact that Hon. David J. Walsh was the first young man sprung from the common classes who has held the responsible position of governor of the commonwealth, and has held it with honor and success. The official acts of the governor since his election have shown, he said, that character and not position alone was necessary to enable one to be elected to the highest position in the state and to carry out the obligations of that position in proper manner. Conscience and consideration for the benefit of the more needful had governed his actions throughout his term of office, this characteristic being manifested when he vetoed the milk bill and thus earned the antagonism of a large section of the voters of the

state.

**FRANCE DECLARES WAR**

STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIED OF FRENCH DECLARATION OF WAR ON BULGARIA

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Ambassador Sharp at Paris cabled the state department today official word of the French declaration of war on Bulgaria. The despatch made no mention of who would represent the French interests in Bulgaria. The United States is acting for Great Britain.

MASS. POLICE ASSOCIATION

Their Convention Will Open at Ayerhill Tomorrow—The Lowell Delegation

When the annual convention of the Massachusetts Police association convenes in Ayerhill tomorrow a good delegation of members of the local department will be present. Tomorrow sessions will continue throughout the day and Thursday will be enjoyed eight-o'clock and the election of officers will close the convention. The delegates to go from this city are John E. Conway, Edward E. Hill, Thaddeus Ryan, Alfred Cooney, Patrick Sullivan and Edward Flanagan, past president of the association.

GERMAN STEAMERS TORPEDOED

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Oct. 16, via London, 3:22 p. m.—The German steamers *Pernambuco* of 4755 tons, and the *Soderhamn* of 1498 tons, were torpedoed during last night by a British submarine off Oxelösund, along the Baltic coast of Sweden.

The *Pernambuco* sank. The *Soderhamn* was kept afloat by her cargo of wood. Both vessels were bound for Germany. The *Pernambuco* carried a cargo of iron ore.

### Head of an Alleged \$1,000,000 Fraud Freed by Pres. Wilson

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—President Wilson, while traveling to Princeton today, announced that he had granted a pardon to Cameron Spear, sentenced to five years in the Atlanta penitentiary for unlawfully using the mails in connection with the Collins Wireless Telephone Co. It was alleged at the trial that \$1,000,000 of fraudulent stock was sold. He was convicted in the United States district court at New York.

President Wilson worked on the Spear and other pardon cases and on correspondence throughout his ride from Washington. He dictated steadily to his stenographer.

Spear has already served one year beyond his parole period, and was represented to the president as wasting away in the penitentiary from disease. In the absence of Attorney-General Gregory recently Solicitor General Davis recommended to the president the application for the pardon he de-

tained a former application for a pardon for Spear was pending, former United States Attorney Wise in New York pointed out that Spear was the "head and brains" of the alleged fraud.

Claiming that they had patents on a device that would take the place of old style telephones and supplant the telegraph, Spear and his associates sold stock in their concern to the public.

A large and enthusiastic gathering assembled at the town hall in North Chelmsford where the rally was presided over by Dr. James F. Hoban, in the absence of John F. McManaman, the town chairman. Dr. Hoban was able to speak of Gov. Walsh from the standpoint of a close personal friend for they were neighbors in boyhood's days and subsequently were classmates at college. Dr. Hoban spoke on the governor's exemplary life as a college student, a private citizen and a public official.

Christopher J. Fay who made his first appearance at North Chelmsford in 18 years dropped in on his old friend, Rev. Edmund T. Schonell, before going to the meeting. He is well known to the older residents of the village and was warmly received when introduced by Dr. Hoban. Mr. Fay stated that he had been advancing the cause of the democratic party for 49 years and was more enthusiastic today than at any time in that long period of activity. He was proud to be able to argue the cause of Gov. Walsh whom he believed to be one of the most brilliant and able men that has ever sat in the governor's chair. He dwelt upon the policies carried out by Hon. Woodrow Wilson and stated that the American public owes him a lasting debt of gratitude for keeping this country out of the war that at present is being waged in Europe. The policies of President Wilson, he said, are thoroughly upheld by Gov. Walsh. Speaking of the appointments made by Gov. Walsh, he stated that while they did not please everybody, as is ever the case in the matter of appointments, it cannot be denied that character had entered into the governor's selections. He made a patriotic reference to conditions in this country at the present time, appealing to the younger citizens to consider well their responsibilities as a part of the electorate of the grandest republic under the sun and said that today there is no such thing as a hyphenated American. True democrats are Americans, pure and simple. If they consider this important question in its true light, and what is now at stake, young and old, descendants of all races and nationalities will do their duty as good American citizens by re-electing Gov. Walsh.

Prior to the arrival of Major Walsh, John J. Hogan addressed the gathering. He pointed out that the democratic party is endeavoring to give all a share of the same opportunity which would enable them to obtain the same advantages regardless of the station in life. He referred to the university extension bill by which the children of the working classes are to be greatly benefited, and he eulogized the governor for his successful efforts in behalf of these measures.

Major Walsh was the concluding speaker and as in Dracut he aroused the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch.

**COFFEE DWARFS CHILDREN PHYSICALLY—MENTALLY**

Prominent school workers assert coffee drinking school children are undersize, underweight and backward in studies.

The State Board of Health of Texas has been making inquiries into the effects of coffee upon school children. "Children who drink coffee for breakfast," says one report, "come to school exhilarated, they work strenuously in the morning, and are overflowing with energy and vitality, BUT THEY DO NOT LAST under the school routine; they become fatigued more quickly than the other pupils, and by the close of school in the afternoon they are exhausted to the point of stupor. They are nervous and therefore unstable in their deportment."

It has also been found by other investigators that children who drink coffee averaged from one and one-half to more than four pounds less in weight, and from one-half inch to more than one inch less in height, than the children who abstained from coffee. They were also found to have an average of three pounds less in hand strength than the children who never drank coffee."

NOTE—Many parents have found it to their children's advantage to give them Instant Postum as the hot morning beverage instead of coffee. This delicious food-drink resembles coffee in looks and flavor, but is entirely free from the disturbing coffee drug, caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.

**GREECE WATCHING OPERATIONS**

PARIS, Oct. 19, 10:25 a. m.—A Havaas agency despatch from Athens dated Monday, quotes the governmental newspaper *Neos Asty* as saying that the Greek government is following with the greatest interest the development of military operations on the Serbo-Bulgarian frontier in proximity to Greek territory. The recent council of Greek ministers adopted measures to be taken in the event that these operations bring the Bulgarians into Greece, an eventuality which the paper says, the government will not tolerate.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Afternoon.

**DIST. ATT'Y CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars. That they were self-supporting.

On the trip he was accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Grayson, his physician, his stenographer, and several White House employees, who also vote in New Jersey.

The president arrived shortly after noon, after an uneventful trip from Washington. He left immediately after voting and is due to arrive in Washington at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWulf, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard University staff, who will take on his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I., J. H. Guillet, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., L. P. Turcotte, Paul Vigente, P. E. Johnson, Leonce Fortin and others.

**CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD**

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Afternoon.

**BEGINS INVESTIGATION**

**DIST. ATT'Y CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars. That they were self-supporting.

On the trip he was accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Grayson, his physician, his stenographer, and several White House employees, who also vote in New Jersey.

The president arrived shortly after noon, after an uneventful trip from Washington. He left immediately after voting and is due to arrive in Washington at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWulf, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard University staff, who will take on his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I., J. H. Guillet, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., L. P. Turcotte, Paul Vigente, P. E. Johnson, Leonce Fortin and others.

**CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD**

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Afternoon.

**BEGINS INVESTIGATION**

**DIST. ATT'Y CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars. That they were self-supporting.

On the trip he was accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Grayson, his physician, his stenographer, and several White House employees, who also vote in New Jersey.

The president arrived shortly after noon, after an uneventful trip from Washington. He left immediately after voting and is due to arrive in Washington at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWulf, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard University staff, who will take on his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I., J. H. Guillet, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., L. P. Turcotte, Paul Vigente, P. E. Johnson, Leonce Fortin and others.

**CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD**

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Afternoon.

**BEGINS INVESTIGATION**

**DIST. ATT'Y CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars. That they were self-supporting.

On the trip he was accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Grayson, his physician, his stenographer, and several White House employees, who also vote in New Jersey.

The president arrived shortly after noon, after an uneventful trip from Washington. He left immediately after voting and is due to arrive in Washington at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWulf, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard University staff, who will take on his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I., J. H. Guillet, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., L. P. Turcotte, Paul Vigente, P. E. Johnson, Leonce Fortin and others.

**CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD**

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.

See "Graustark," Owl Theatre, Wed. Afternoon.

**BEGINS INVESTIGATION**

**DIST. ATT'Y CORCORAN STARTS GRAND JURY INQUIRY INTO REGISTRATION OF STUDENTS**

CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 19.—District Attorney Corcoran today began a grand jury investigation into all registrations by Harvard students for the state election on Nov. 2, with special reference to their oaths before the city registrars. That they were self-supporting.

On the trip he was accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, Dr. Grayson, his physician, his stenographer, and several White House employees, who also vote in New Jersey.

The president arrived shortly after noon, after an uneventful trip from Washington. He left immediately after voting and is due to arrive in Washington at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

Dinner will be served at 6 o'clock and will be followed by an interesting lecture by Professor DeWulf, former professor at the Louvain university in France, and now a member of the Harvard University staff, who will take on his subject, "The Effect of War on Latin Mentality."

Among the Lowell men who will attend are Rev. Leon Lamotte, O.M.I., J. H. Guillet, Esq., Arthur L. Eno, Esq., L. P. Turcotte, Paul Vigente, P. E. Johnson, Leonce Fortin and others.

**CHARLES E. HUSSEY DEAD**

Former Superintendent of Schools in Wakefield Has Been Ill Three Years at Rochester, N. H.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 19.—Prof. Charles Edwin Hussey died at his home on South Main street yesterday after three years' illness here, aged 59. He had taught in Rochester high, Newton, Natick, Mass., and for several years was superintendent of schools of Wakefield, Newton and Reading, Mass. Several years he was connected with the Wallace Bros. shoe factory of this city, of which he was a part owner.

Several university officials also were summoned.